Cambria Freeman.

A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

VOLUME IX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1875. NUMBER 19.

ERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

LIST OF RETAILERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE, as appraised in Cambria county for the year A. D. 1875:

	Lic'se.		Lic'se.
ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.			
William J. Brock	$7.00		
BARR TOWNSHIP.			
	Lic'se. Class.		Lic'se.
Casper Leib	7.00 14 John Soissong		7.00
BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.			
G. B. Wike	7.50		
CAMBRIA TOWNSHIP.			
Andrew Hoeck	7.50 14 J. E. Maucher		7.50
John Wertner	7.00 14 A. Walters		7.00
John Buck	7.00 14 Simon Schroth		7.00
J. W. Slarbaugh	7.00 14 A. A. Barker & Son		7.00
CAMBRIA BOROUGH.			
John Ryan	7.50 14 Adam Pfarr		7.50
J. P. Connell	7.50 14 Joseph Stiblich		7.00
John Kintz	7.50		
CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.			
John D. Adams	7.50		
CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.			
Walter Cramm	14 Louis Aaron		7.00
Michael Hoeck	7.00 14 Jacob Whitman		7.00
Michael Toohey	7.00 14 George Myer		7.00
John Stormer	7.00		
CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.			
E. R. Dunegan	7.50		
CROYLE TOWNSHIP.			
Thomas H. Reist	7.00 14 G. B. Stineman		7.00
	7.00 14 P. M. & J. Brown		7.00
J. D. Wentroth	7.00		
CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.			
E. & H. Naffzer	10.00 14 Cooper & Mellon		7.00
S. M. Douglass	7.50		
CHEST TOWNSHIP.			
Thomas Ott	7.50 14 Langbern &		
J. F. Caudy	7.50 Thomas		7.00
EAST CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.			
P. P. Shiffert	7.50 14 A. W. Gouch-		
Leonard Reel	7.50 nour		7.50
H. Twelvick	7.50 14 W. Sanderson		7.00
Lohman & Clark	7.00		
EBENSBURG BOROUGH.			
A. A. Barker & Son	10.00 14 Mrs. J. M. Stehley		7.00
J. Patton Thomp- son	10.00 14 C. T. Roberts		7.00
J. J. Lloyd	7.50 14 D. Evans		7.00
Rees & Lloyd	7.50 14 E. J. Mills		7.00
Lemmon & Sons	7.00 14 Jacob Thomas		7.00
	7.00 14 Isaac Evans		7.50
G. Hughes	7.00 14 M. L. Ostman		7.00
Rodgers & Son	7.00 14 A. Stutzman		7.00
Davis & Hum- phreys	14 Thomas J. Lloyd		7.00
	7.00 14 Th s. Griffith		7.50
FRANKLIN BOROUGH.			
A. J. L. Custer	7.00 14 D. W. Coulter		7.00
Peter Benhertz	7.00 14 Martin Custer		7.00
James Fredrick	7.00		
GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.			
M. Bignan	7.50 14 J. P. Murray		7.00
Patrick Smith	7.00		
GALLITZIN BOROUGH.			
T. J. Christy	7.00 14 F. J. Parrish		7.50
T. J. Reed	7.00 14 David Mills		7.00
Thomas Bradley	7.00		
JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.			
Wood, Morrell & Co.	200.00 14 W. Caldwell		7.00
		14 Matt. Mooney	7.00
Geis, Foster & Co.	20.00 14 A. Metz		7.50
		14 H. Leverigood	7.00
T. W. Stewart & Co.	12.50 14 A. Pfeffer		7.00
		14 Jacob Fend	7.00
		14 S. R. Varner	7.00
Dibert, Wagner & Co.	10.00 14 John Muller		7.00
Lang Wehr	7.00 14 F. J. Kenney		7.00
McPherson & Co.	7.00 14 Geo. S. Barnhart		7.00
Christ Kreger	7.00 14 John Thomas		7.00
Augustine Schenck	14 Wakefield & Griffith		7.00
W. Umgrove	7.00		
Kenyon Bentley	7.00 14 Wm. Berlin		7.00
G. L. Edwards	7.00 14 John Benton		7.00
Jos. Horner	7.00 14 M. Bossart & Co		7.00
Conrad Murphy	7.00 14 Louis Baumer		7.00
Daniel Rahn	7.00 14 F. Border		7.00
Andrew Moses	7.00 14 T. W. Kerlin		7.00
Emil Schaffer	7.00 14 M'Cleland & Co		7.00
Jacob Hamm	7.00 14 John Hamm		7.00
Rial, Miller & Co.	7.00 14 Miller & Co.		7.00
		14 John F. Barnes	7.50
		14 J. S. Ashbridge	7.00
		14 Brinker & Co	7.00
		14 John Bloch	7.00
		14 Bailey & Hay	7.50
		14 Fred'k Myers	7.50
		14 W. Owens & Son	7.00
		14 G. Wagner & Son	7.00
		14 H. Pritchard	7.00
		14 Rhen. James	7.00
		14 Paul M'Creary	7.00
		14 Hugh Hamm	7.00
		14 Baugh & Stuttzman	7.00
		14 Fockler & Leyergood	7.00
		14 Geo. Trent	7.00
		14 H. Brandon	7.00
		14 Chas. Huchstein	7.50
		14 W. L. Levingston & Son	7.00
		14 John Porter	7.00
		14 Heckrath	7.00
		14 Crawford & Rhoades	7.00
		14 Reipploe	7.00
		14 T. H Brinker	7.00
		14 Geo. Stadler	7.50
		14 Chas Oswald	7.00
		14 Kimpke & Vierheller	7.00
		14	7.00
JACKSON TOWNSHIP.			
Davis, Ryan & Co.	14 W. Ford		7.50
	7.00 14 S. Albright		7.00
LORETTO BOROUGH.			
T. J. Linton	7.00 14 P. H. Shields & Son		7.00
A. J. Christy	7.50 14 F. X. Haid		7.00
A. W. Scanlon	7.00		
MILLVILLE BOROUGH.			
P. Rodgers	14 G. W. Stutzman		
H. W. Green	7.50 & Co.		7.00
RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.			
Daniel Ness	7.50 14 Geo. Berkey		7.50
Martin Ness	7.00 14 Hiram Shaffer		7.50
SUSQUEHANNA TOWNSHIP.			
Peter Gerhardt	7.00		
SUMMERHILL BOROUGH.			
John Ernst	7.00 14 C. Reich		7.00
H. Gillam	7.50 14 W. M'Connell		7.00
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.			
Wm. Fleming	7.00 14 Eliz. Thompson		7.00
Martin & Co.	7.00 14 John Wilkin		7.00
Jos. McKenzie	7.00 14 C. J. Lahey		7.00
Adam Myers	7.00 14 M. B. M'Laughlin		7.00
P. M. & J. Brown	7.00 14 W. A. Ford		7.50
WILMORE BOROUGH.			
	7.00 14 E. A. Rephart		7.50
J. M. Wintrode	14 F. Kirby		7.00
	7.00 14 John M'Colgan		7.00
TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.			
			7.50
WHITE TOWNSHIP.			
Jos. Daly & Co.	7.50 14 J. J. Gates		7.00
Geo. Walters	7.00 14 A. H. Geise & Co		7.00
WOODVALE BOROUGH.			
J. B. Carr			7.50
YOUER TOWNSHIP.			
J. L. Beam			7.00
BREWERIES.			
Philip Hoertzog, Loretto Borough			15.00
Gerhard Hoerle, Johnstown Borough			15.00
Peter Weiss, " "			15.00
Jacob Hoffman, " "			15.50
Jacob Hausman, " "			15.00
Peter Gerhardt, Cambria Borough			15.00
Lambert & Kline, Conemaugh Borough			15.50
Spence Kost, Conemaugh Township			15.00
J. Schwader, Washington Township			15.00
Henry Burn, Carrolltown Borough			15.00
Jos. Stein, " "			15.00
BILLIARD TABLES.			
Jas. Jordan, Johnstown, 2 Tables			30.00
W. Wilmes, Washington Township			15.50
TEN-PIN ALLEYS.			
Jas. Jordan, Johnstown Borough			30.00
W. Wilmes, Washington Township			15.50
J. Christy, Loretto Borough			15.50
C. Schumacher, Ebensburg Borough			15.50
" " "			15.50

An Appeal will be held at the Treasurer's office, in Ebensburg, on MONDAY, the 7th day of JUNE next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

D. A. LUTHER, Mercantile Appraiser.

May 19, '75.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of CATHARINE TODD, dec'd.

Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Cambria county, on the estate of CATHARINE TODD, late of Ebensburg Borough, Cambria county, dec'd, All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them duly proven for settlement.

JAMES MYERS, Administrator.

Ebensburg, April 23, 1875-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of JOHN ZIMMERMAN, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration, cum testamento annexo, on the estate of John Zimmerman, late of Blacklick Township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Adm'r.

Ebensburg, April 30, 1875.-6t.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, in and for the County of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the **9th** day of JUNE, A. D. 1875, to wit:

1. The final account of Sam'l Blough, guardian of Mattie and Catharine Ann Blough, minor children of Samuel S. Blough, late of Cambria county, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Joseph Croyle, administrator of the estate of Andrew Knepper, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
3. The first and partial account of Samuel Varner and Abraham Varner, executors of George Varner, late of Jackson township, deceased.
4. The account of Edmund J. Waters, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of Ann Evans, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
5. The second account of John Fritz, James McMillin and Wm. R. Tucker, executors of George Fritz, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
6. The account of Charles B. Ellis, guardian of Daniel M. Parks, a minor child of Samuel Parks, late of Cambria county, deceased.
7. The account of Joseph S. Strayer, guardian of Mary E., Clarissa and Margaret E. Goughnour, minor children of Christian Goughnour, late of Taylor township, deceased.
8. The first and final account of Josephine M. Edie, administratrix of Rev. J. W. Edie, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
9. The account of Margaret Kaylor and Sarah E. Scanlan, administrators of William Kaylor, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
10. The first and partial account of Jacob Yest, administrator of Leonard Ott, late of Blacklick township, deceased.
11. The first and final account of John Bock and Benjamin Wertner, administrators of Augustine Farabaugh, late of Carrolltown borough, dec'd.
12. The second and final account of Solomon Benshoof, executor of Peter Allbaugh, late of Jackson township.
13. The first and final account of John Arthurs, executor of John Kooken, late of Johnstown borough deceased.
14. The third account of Harriet Orr and W. C. Lewis, administrators of Wm. Orr, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
15. The second and final account of W. Horace Rose, executor of Reuben Haynes, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
16. The first and final account of P. F. Custer, administrator of John Rose, late of Jackson township deceased.
17. The first and final account of P. F. Custer and Wm. H. Siechler, executors of Samuel Stiles, late of Jackson township, deceased.
18. The first and final account of J. D. and D. P. Brown, executors of John S. Brown, late of Jackson township, deceased.
19. The first and final account of John Buck, executor of Joseph Buck, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
20. The partial account of Christopher A. Warner, administrator of John J. Warner, late of Chest township, deceased.
21. The first and partial account of Emma Rabb, administratrix of Augustus Rabb, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
22. The first account of David J. Horner, administrator *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, of Isaac Horner, late of Richland township, dec'd.
23. The first and final account of Jacob Trefts and George Schrader, administrators of John J. Trefts, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
24. The first and partial account of Geo. C. K. Zahm and H. Kinkead, executors of David Powell, late of Cambria township, deceased.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10, 1875.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

—Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of personal property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of the 14th day of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the **9th** day of JUNE, A. D. 1875, to wit:

1. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret Shiry, widow of Charles Shiry, late of Adams township, deceased,—$57.50.
2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Catharine Horner, widow of Jacob Horner, late of Johnstown borough, deceased,—$155.00.
3. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Catharine Fresh, widow of Clement Fresh, late of Cambria township, deceased,—$298.65.
4. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Rebecca Kring, widow of Gideon Kring, late of Adams township, deceased,—$300.00.
5. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary Pha en, widow of James Phalen, late of Carroll township, deceased,—$222.65.
6. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Elizabeth McDonald, widow of Daniel McDonald, late of Cambria borough, deceased,—$298.00.
7. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Bridget McCoy, widow of William McCoy, late of Clearfield township, deceased,—$300.00.
8. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Susannah Gilman, widow of Jacob Gilman, late of Richland township, deceased,—$200.00.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10, 1875.

THE WALTER A. WOOD MOWING & REAPING MACHINE.

Strong Local Endorsement.

THE following letter fully explains itself, and needs no comment:

EBENSBURG, PA., April 16, 1875.

To Walter A. Wood, President, etc.

DEAR SIR—This is to certify that I purchased from L. & S. W. DAVIS, your agents in this place, during the year 1872, one of your NEW IRON MOWERS, which I have operated during the past three seasons with entire success. I have used it in cutting fully 200 acres of grass, and have not expended one cent on it for repairs. Like all other machines, it is not perfect, of course, but the only fault I find with it is that it is not arranged with shafts for one horse instead of two, as one horse can very easily operate it in anything like fair ground.

JOHN T. HUGHES,
Residing 4 miles south of Ebensburg.

☞ Parties interested who wish to see the above named Mower or examine the merits of Hoffein's Mower and Reaper, Pratt's, Sabine, Clipper and Myers' Hay Rake, Stoner's Fanning Mill, the renowned Imperial Plow, and other first class farming machinery, are invited to call at the Livery and Sale Stable of

L. & S. W. DAVIS,
Agents for Cambria County.

Ebensburg, April 23, 1875.-3m.

LIST OF CAUSES

set down for trial at the ensuing term of Court, commencing on the FIRST MONDAY of JUNE next:

FIRST WEEK.

Christy	vs. Allegheny Mountain Coal and Lumber Co.
Wehn	vs. Walters.
McGarity	vs. Shumate.
Burns	vs. Van Ormer.
Zuck	vs. Lloyd.
Davis	vs. Dunn.

SECOND WEEK.

Cooper & Co.	vs. Rist.
Heslop	vs. Heslop.
O'Donnell et al.	vs. Arble.
Haven & Co	vs. McLaughlin.
Hughan	vs. Penna. Rail Road Co.
Galligan	vs. Collins.
Fiske & Co	vs. The Twp. of White.
Vaughn & Lynch	vs. O'Neil, M'Closkey vs. Adams' Ex'r.
Berkey	vs. Griffith & Davis.
Myers & Co.	vs. Conrad.
Cambria Iron Co.	vs. Christy.
Bradley	vs. Driskell.
Christy	vs. Miller.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 10, 1875.

NOTICE.—HANDS OFF!—We, the undersigned, have bought at Sheriff's sale the following described personal property, to wit: 1 clock, bar fixtures and tumblers, 2 tables, 1 cupboard and dishes, 1 stove and fixtures, 1 clothes-press, 1 sewing machine, lot of carpet, 1 bureau, carpet and stand, 2 bedsteads and carpet, carpet and clock, 3 sets chairs, 13 bedsteads and bedding, and 3 stands, which we have left in care of S. A. McGough during our pleasure.

H. J. HADS,
HENRY ELLON,
JOSEPH CRAMER,
JOSEPH WERTNER.

Chest Springs, May 12, 1875.-3t.

The Old Farm House.

At the foot of the hill, near the old red mill,
In a quiet, shady spot,
Just peeping through half hid from view,
Stands a little, moss-grown cot.
And straying through at the open door,
The sunbeams play on the sanded floor.

The easy hair all patched with care,
Is placed by the old hearth-stone;
With witching grace, in the old fireplace,
The ever-green are strewn.
And the pictures hang on the whitened wall,
And the old clock ticks in the cottage hall.

More lovely still, on the window sill,
The dew-eyed flowers rest;
While 'midst the leaves on the grass-grown eaves
The martin builds her nest.
And all day long the summer breeze
Is whispering love to the bended trees.

Over the floor all covered o'er
With a sack of dark green baize,
Lies a musket old, whose worth is told
In the events of other days;
And the powder flask, and the hunter's horn,
Have hung beside it for many a morn.

For years have fled, with noiseless tread,
Like fairy dreams away,
And left in their flight, all shorn of his might,
A father—old and gray;
And the soft wind plays with his snow-white hair,
And the old man sleeps in his easy chair.

Inside the door on the sanded floor,
Light, airy footsteps glide,
And a maiden fair, with flaxen hair,
Kneels by the old man's side—
An old oak wrecked by the angry storm,
While the ivy clings to its trembling form.

MRS. JONES' ELOPEMENT.

Mr. Jones came home that afternoon feeling cross and tired. Business had been dull, and the clerks had been provoking. When he felt out of sorts, as he did that day, a nice supper and his wife's company were the best antidotes he knew of, and he hoped to have them effect a cure in this instance, as they often had in other instances.

But Mrs. Jones was out, the girl said. She had been busy in her room all the afternoon; she didn't know what she was doing. About an hour ago she had put on her bonnet and gone out, and had charged her to tell her husband, when he came home, that she should not be back until late in the evening. "Gone out on particular business, she said," added Bridget.

"On particular business," growled Jones. "I'd like to know what particular business she has. I should say it was a wife's business to stay at home. She knew, of course, that I was coming home completely tired out, but that doesn't interfere with her pleasure in the least. She can enjoy herself just the same—probably all the more, because I am out of the way. I wish I knew where she'd gone."

He went up to her room to see if she had worn some of her best clothes.

"Because, if she has," reasoned Mr. Jones, "she's gone off to have a good time, with some one she cares more for than she does for me."

Mr. Jones' brow was black as any thunder-cloud, at the thought. He was in precisely the right frame of mind to make mountains out of mole-hills.

But she hadn't worn any of her new dresses.

"It can't be she's going to a party, then," concluded Mr. Jones, "or she'd have rigged up more. It must be she's going somewhere else, and wants to keep dark. It begins to look mysterious. A woman don't generally go off in this way, without saying something to her husband, and wear her old clothes, without its meaning something, I've observed," said Mr. Jones, Solemnly, to the Mr. Jones in the glass. "I'd like to know what it all *does* mean, anyhow."

It was just at this juncture that Mr. Jones discovered a letter on Mrs. Jones' writing-desk. It was a freshly-written page, beginning:

"DEAR EDWARD:"

Mr. Jones, hair raised on end when his eagle eye caught the sight of that name. What awful thing had he discovered? Could it be that his wife was in the habit of writing letters to gentlemen? Perhaps she has gone out to meet one now.

He read the letter through without stopping to take breath, from beginning to end.

It read as follows:

"DEAR EDWARD:

"I have read your touching appeal over and over, until every word of it is stamped upon my heart. It has caused me to fight a terrible battle with myself. I love you, and there is no use for me to deny it. I cannot deceive myself, nor you, by so doing. But my duty is to stay with my husband. I loathe him—I despise him; he is a tyrant—but, he is my husband, and as such, I suppose he has a claim upon me, in the eyes of the world, that you have not. But, my darling, *I love you*, and I have come to the conclusion to cast my lot with yours. I will do as you wish me to. I will meet you at the oak tree to-night at ten o'clock. I hope I shall—"

And here, at the bottom of the page, the letter broke off very abruptly. The other side of the page was blank.

"Great Jehosophat!" That was the awful word that broke from Mr. Jones' lips, when he had finished reading. It was the nearest to swearing of any word he indulged in. If ever he felt justified in using it, he did now. His face was a sight to behold. It was full of anger and surprise, and complete bewilderment.

"She loves him, does she," he ejaculated, faintly. "And I'm a tyrant, am I? The wretched creature! She loathes me, and despises me, does she? I'll show her a thing or two. Let me see—ten o'clock, at the oak tree; I'll be there, my dear, and I'll learn your "dear Edward" something he won't forget. I'll go out this blessed minute and get a couple of officers, and we'll wait for you. I fancy we'll surprise you a little. Great Jehosophat! and she's actually been deceiving me all the time, and letting some other man talk love to her, and coax her to elope with him! I can't believe it, and yet I can't doubt it, for here it is in her own writing. I wouldn't have believed it, if I hadn't seen it in black and white. Dear me! I wonder if I can bear up under the awful blow? What will folks say? I shall be ashamed to meet anybody. It's awful—awful!" and Mr. Jones wiped his face with his handkerchief, and looked the complete picture of grief.

Mr. Jones was so "struck all of a heap," to use his own expression, by the terrible intelligence that he didn't stop to reason over the matter. He never once thought that "Dear Edward" couldn't by any possibility have received this letter, since it hadn't been sent. He only realized that his wife was going to run away, and that she was going to meet her lover at ten o'clock.

"I'll be there, my lady," said Mr. Jones, significantly, putting on his overcoat, preparatory to setting out in search of the proper officers. "I'll be there, and I'll give your 'Dear Edward' something he didn't bargain for. I'll 'Dear Edward' him."

About nine o'clock Mr. Jones and a couple of officers came up the road stealthily, and secreted themselves behind a clump of bushes near the place where the two mainroads crossed each other.

"Now you mind what I say," said Mr. Jones. "*I'll* go for him, and you keep out of the way, till I am done with him. I'll make him wish he'd never thought of such a thing as making love to other men's wives, see if I don't, I'll pommel him! I'll trounce him within an inch of his life, the contemptible puppy!" and Mr. Jones struck out right and left at his visionary rival in a way that made the officers titter.

They waited, and waited and kept waiting. The ten o'clock train came in, whistling shrilly. And still no sign of either woman or man for whom they were waiting.

Presently Mr. Jones bade them listen; he heard steps down the road.

The night was dark, and they could not see a rod off. But he was right in thinking he heard steps. Some one was coming.

"It's him, curse him," muttered Mr. Jones. "Now you lay low, and mind what I say, Don't come till I tell you to. I dare say I shall half-kill him, but you keep off, and let me be, I'll take the consequences, if I do kill him completely. Great Jehosophat! I just yearn to get my hands on the wretch."

"He's close by now," whispered one of the men.

"I see him," answered Mr. Jones, in an awful whisper: "Here, hold my hat I'm going for him, and may the Lord have mercy upon his soul!"

Accordingly, Mr. Jones "went for him." He made a rush at the tall, black figure coming leisurely up the road. He gave it a punch in the stomach with one fist, and another in the ribs with his other fist, snorting like a wild bull. He was too excited to talk intelligibly, at first. The unsuspecting recipient of such an extraordinary greeting seemed half-inclined to run at first, but, on second thought, seemed to think better of it, and turned upon his assailant.

"Take that, and *that*, and *that*," cried Mr. Jones, who had got so he could utter words a trifle more coherently by this time, dealing blows right and left. "Run away with my wife, will you? You old villain, I'll learn you to swoop round the Jones family trying to break it up. Take that—and that! and—oh, great Jehosophat!"

Mr. Jones' tune suddenly changed; the victim of a husband's righteous wrath had brought his cane to bear upon his foe and was doing good work with it.

"Smith—Dobson! help, help!" shrieked Jones, as the cane fell upon his head and shoulders in unmerciful blows. "Murder! help!"

The officers came to his assistance and succeeded in securing the stranger.

"I'd like to know what this means!" he demanded. "I supposed this neighborhood was respectable, but I should think you've all gone crazy, or else turned highway robbers."

"We'll let you know what it means," cried Jones. "I don't believe you will want to run away with Samuel Jones' wife again."

"Is that you, Samuel Jones?" asked the prisoner. "I thought your voice sounded kind of familiar, before, but you bellowed so I couldn't make it out. Are you insane, or idiotic—or what?"

"Lord bless me, if you ain't uncle Joshua!" said Mr. Jones faintly. He felt small enough, just then, to crawl through a knot-hole. "I'm awful sorry that this has happened, but I couldn't help it, I didn't know it was you. You see, Amelia's fell in love with some fellow, and I came across a letter this afternoon that she had written to him, saying she'd meet him here at ten o'clock, and I got these men to help me, and we waited for him, and I thought you were the man!"

"Fell in love with another man and promised to meet him here at ten o'clock? Stuff and nonsense!" exclaimed uncle Joshua, indignantly. "You were always the biggest fool! You're crazy!"

"But I tell you I saw her own letter," exclaimed Mr. Jones. "I ain't crazy now, but I shouldn't wonder if I was before long."

"You've lost all the sense you used to have, and that wasn't enough to brag of," said uncle Joshua, rather uncomplimentary. "Come along to the house, and we'll ask Amelia what it means."

Uncle Joshua led the way, with a pain in his stomach, caused by Mr. Jones' energetic attempt to teach his supposed rival not to meddle with the Jones family, and Mr. Jones followed in his wake, with a sore head and a very black eye.

There was a light in the sitting-room. Mrs. Jones was there.

"See here, Amelia," exclaimed uncle Joshua, bursting in like a thunderstorm. "Your fool of a husband says you've fell in love with some one, and that you wrote him a letter saying you'd meet him at ten o'clock to-night and run away with him, and he says he's seen this letter. Now, I don't believe a word of it, but I'd like to have you explain, if you can.

"I never wrote any such thing," declared Mrs. Jones, indignantly.

"You did!" exclaimed Mr. Jones. "It's no use for you to lie about it, Amelia. You've broke my heart, and you did write that letter. I found it on your desk, and here it is. It begins—'*Dear Edward.*'"

"Oh, I know all about it now," cried Mrs. Jones, beginning to laugh. "Oh, dear me! You see, Laura Wade and I agreed to write a story, and I had got mine half-done, and went over to read it to her this afternoon, and when I got there I found that I'd lost a page of it. I must have left it on my desk. It was about a woman who was going to elope—my story was—and she wrote that she would go with her lover, and then, when she thought it all over, concluded to stay at home and do her duty. The page that was missing was the one that had the letter on it that she wrote to her lover. You found it, and thought I was going to run away! Oh, dear, I never heard of anything so funny! Oh, dear me!" and Mrs. Jones laughed until the tears ran down her cheeks.

"I can't see anything very funny about it," said Mr. Jones, feeling rather sheepish. "How was I to know that you were writing stories? You've no business to spend your time in that way."

"That's so," growled uncle Joshua, whose stomach began to feel sore and bruised. "You're a fool for writing stories, and Jones is a fool any way."

Which was poor consolation for Jones. The story of the whole affair leaked out and he will never hear the last of Mrs. Jones' elopement.

GETTING MARRIED.

Every young girl, now-a-days, expects to get a rich husband; and therefore rich men ought to be abundant. In the country, we admit that girls are sometimes brought up with an idea of work, and with a suspicion that each may chance to wed a sober, steady, good-looking, industrious young man, who will be compelled to earn by severe labor the subsistence of himself and family. There are not so many brought up with such ideas, now, even in the country, as there used to be; but there are some, and they, consequently, learn how to become worthy helpmates to such worthy partners. But in town it is different. From the highest to the lowest class in life, the prevailing idea with all is, that marriage is to lift them, at once, above all necessity for exertion; and even the servant-girl dresses and reasons as if she entertained a romantic confidence in her Cinderella-like destiny of marrying a prince, or, at least, of being fallen in love with and married by some wealthy gentleman if not by some nobleman in disguise.

This is why so many young men fear to marry. The young women they meet with are all so imbued with notions of marriage so utterly incompatible with the ordinary relations of life in their station; they are so wholly inexperienced in the economy of the household; they have been taught, or have taught themselves, such a "noble disdain" for all kinds of family industry; they have acquired such expectations of lady-like ease and elegance in the matrimonial connection, that to wed any one of them is to secure a life-long lease domestic unhappiness, and purcha wretchedness, poverty, and despair.

All this is wrong, and should be amended. Such fallacies do not become a sensible age nor a sensible people. Our grandfathers and mothers had more wisdom than this. The present age is much too fast a one in this respect. Let us sober down a little. Let every young woman be taught ideas of lofty and expectations of marriage suitable to her condition, and she will not be so frequently disappointed. Should she be fortunate and wed above that condition, she may readily learn the new duties becoming to it, and will not have been injured by having possessed herself of those fitting a station below. Let her anticipate always a marriage with one in the humbler walks of life—and then, should she happen to do better, her good fortune will be only the more delightful.

A PACKET of fifty bonnets, the latest broadbrim fashion, has just been forwarded to the Shah of Persia for the use of his ladies. The bill was 5,000f. Western civilization is finding its way to Teheran.

KEYSER'S DREAM.

HOW HE ANTICIPATED DEATH.

Last December my friend Keyser dreamed one night that he would die on the 13th of January. So strongly was he assured of the fact that the vision would prove true that he began at once to make preparations for his departure. He got measured for a burial suit, he drew up his will, he picked out a nice lot in the cemetery and had it fenced in; he joined the church, and selected six of the deacons as his pall bearers. He also requested the choir to sing at the funeral, and he got them to run over a favorite hymn of his to see how it would sound. Then he got Toombs, the undertaker, to knock together a burial casket, with silver-plated handles, and cushions inside, and he instructed the undertaker to rush out his best hearse, and to buy sixty pairs of black gloves to be distributed among the mourners. He had some trouble deciding upon a tombstone. The man at the marble-yard wanted to shove off on him a second-hand one, with an angel weeping over a kind of a flower-pot; but Keyser finally ordered a new one, with a design representing a rosebud with a broken stem, and the legend, "Not lost, but gone before."

Then he got the village newspaper to put a good obituary notice of him in type, and he told his wife that he would be gratified if she would come out in the spring and plant violets upon his grave. He said it was hard to leave her and the children, but she must try to bear up under it. These afflictions are for our good, and when he was an angel he would come and watch over her, and keep his eye on her. He said she might marry again if she wanted to, for, although the mere thought of it nearly broke his heart, he wished her above all to be happy, and to have some one to love her and protect her from the storms of the rude world. Then he, and Mrs. Keyser, and the children cried, and Keyser, as a closing word of counsel, advised her not to plow for corn earlier than the middle of March.

On the night of the 12th of January there was a flood in the creek, and Keyser got up at 4 o'clock in the morning of the 13th, and worked until night trying to save his buildings and his woodpile. He was so busy that he forgot all about its being the day of his death, and, as he was very tired, he went to bed early and slept soundly all night.

About 6 o'clock on the morning of the 14th there was a ring at the door-bell. Keyser jumped out of bed, threw up the front window and exclaimed:

"Who's there?"

"It's me—Toombs," said the undertaker.

"What do you want at this time of the morning?" demanded Keyser.

"Want," said Toombs, not recognizing Keyser, "Why, I've brought around the ice to pack Keyser in, so he'll keep until the funeral. The corpse'd spoil this kinder weather if we didn't."

Then Keyser remembered, and it made him feel mad when he thought how the day had passed and left him still alive, and how he had made a fool of himself. So the corpse said:

"Well you can just skeet around home again with that ice; the corpse is not yet dead. You're a leetle too anxious, it strikes me. You're not goin' to chuck me into a sepulchre yet, if you have got everything ready. So you can haul off and unload."

About half-past 10 that morning the Deacons came around, with crape on their hats and gloom on their faces, to carry the body to the grave, and while they were on the front steps the marble-yard man drove up with the rosebud tombstone and shovel, and stepped in to ask the widow how deep she wanted the grave dug. Just then the choir arrived with the minister, and the company was assembled in the parlor, when Keyser came in from the stable, where he had been dosing a horse with patent medicine and mash for the glanders. He was surprised, but he proceeded to explain that there had been a little mistake somehow. He was also pained to find that everybody seemed to be a good deal disappointed, particulary the tombstone man, who went away mad, declaring that such an old fraud ought to be rammed into the ground anyhow, dead or alive. Just as the Deacons left in a huff, the tailor's boy arrived with the burial suit, and before Keyser could kick him off the steps the paper carrier flung into the door the *Morning Argus*, in which that obituary occupied a prominent place.

Anybody who wants a good reliable tombstone that has a broken rosebud on it, and that has never been used, can buy one of that kind at a sacrifice for cash, from Keyser. He thinks that bad dream must have been caused by eating too much sausage at supper.—*Max Adler.*

HERE are some of the devious ways and wanderings of a love-letter: A Boston lady, while in Paris two years ago, sent a letter to her sweetheart, a ship captain, addressing it to St. Helena. It missed the wanderer and followed him about the world, finally returning to Paris, where the captain's banker forwarded it to Boston. It reached him one evening as he was bouncing a six-weeks-old baby on his knee, he having married the writer of the letter a year ago. The letter could not have followed him more persistently if it had been a dun.

SALTER'S BOY.

Salter had a boy who was not worth the starch in his shirt collar to any one. His name was Noble. He was appropriately named. He was a noble fraud. Salter hired him for a dollar a week to tend office.

He stayed with Salter just half an hour, when he discharged him. His discharge was summary. The boy came to the office at 10 o'clock. Salter, after telling him what to do, went across the street to see a friend, leaving the boy dusting the furniture.

After having quite a chat with his friend, during which he had told him he had got a boy to work for him, and that he hoped he could leave the office oftener now, he returned. He had been gone just fourteen minutes by the watch. It is astonishing how much cussedness a good healthy boy can accomplish in fourteen minutes.

As Salter approached the door, he heard a medley of indescribable sounds within his office. He opened the door, and there was that noble boy flying around the room with a broom after a strange cat.

As he entered, the boy shouted:

"Doggon it, boss, hurry up and shut the door, or she'll get out. Oh, Lord, can't she skin around, tho'?"

And making a pass at the cat with the broom, he mashed all the glass out of the book-case. Did Salter get mad? Oh, no! He kept his temper and started for the boy, who, thinking he was after the cat too, got more excited than ever, and yelled:

"There she goes, blast her old hide. Head her off, boss; head her off! Oh, glory ain't we havin' a time!" and, making another pass at

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, - - May 28, 1875.

Meeting of County Committee.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE OF CAMBRIA COUTTY—*Gentlemen:* You are hereby invited to meet in the Grand Jury room, in the Court House, Ebensburg, on MONDAY, the *14th* day of JUNE next, to fix a time for holding the next County Convention and to appoint Senatorial conferees to meet like conferees from Blair county for the purpose of choosing a Senatorial delegate to the State Convention, and to attend to such other business as may be presented for consideration. A full attendance of the members is requested.

J. G. LAKE,
Chairman Dem. Co. Com.

Ebensburg, May 24, 1875.

WHEN the administration papers are hunting around for an echo of the "old rebel yell" and encounter such sentiments as the following from the Memphis *Appeal*, the effect must be truly disconcerting: "If the result of the next Presidential election depends upon the prudence of the South, the victory is already won; for our people are a unit in proclaiming that Secession is dead; Slavery is dead; that the Confederacy has expired; that no one proposes to exhume its remains; that we dismiss all our resentments, and propose to cherish no recollection of the war, save the memory of the brave men who reflect honor upon American valor."

A DISPATCH received here from Lancaster this (Wednesday) evening, announces the fact that Henry Rawle, of Erie county, was nominated for State Treasurer on the second ballot over Butler B. Strang. John F. Hartranft, having no opposition, was of course renominated for Governor. Rawle's nomination is the most decisive triumph that Simon Cameron has achieved in a State convention for the last ten years, and shows that he holds the Republican party of Pennsylvania in the hollow of his hand. The Republican State convention having in this summary manner sent Butler B. Strang, *one* of the "two ablest and purest men in the State," where the woodbine twineth, the Democracy will next November send the other, John F. Hartranft, to keep him company.

THE Liberal Republicans of this State propose, it is said, to hold a convention at Williamsport in August next, and some people assert that at this convention candidates will be nominated, with the expectation that the Democracy will endorse them. While we believe with the Hollidaysburg *Standard* that this is mere rumor, yet it may be well for the Democracy to speak out at once and in no uncertain tones. We have tried one dose of liberalism, on the very broadest scale, to our sore discomfiture, and we do not want any more in ours. Let it be understood that the nominees of the Democratic State Convention will not only be Democrats, but such Democrats as are worthy the support of every lover of good government, regardless of his party affiliations.

UNDER our editorial head will be found a notice, signed by the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, calling a meeting of said Committee on *Monday* of the *second* week of Court, being the 14th of June, for the purpose of fixing the time for holding the next County Convention. Although it is not to be expected that all the members of the Committee will attend, we trust that as many as can possibly do so will take the time and trouble to be present. Without presuming to dictate to the Committee, we favor a late day for holding the convention. The convention last year was held on Monday, the 21st of September, which afforded abundant time between that and the election in November for conducting the campaign. The State Convention will meet at Erie on Wednesday, the 8th of September, and we cannot conceive of any reason why the County Convention should be called until after that time—say Monday, the 20th of that month. We believe that such action by the Committee would give very general satisfaction.

THE Hon. M. C. Kerr of Indiana has arrived in Washington from a six weeks' sojourn at Aiken, S. C. A number of his friends here have approached him on the subject of the Speakership. He has stated to them his position, which is as follows: If the Speakership is offered him by the unsolicited vote of the House he will accept it with pleasure and gratitude, and strive to act so as to merit the honor and to advance the interests of the Democratic party. But he has not and will not enter into any combinations, nor make any promises as to his policy or as to the appointment of committees.

It is very evident from the above extract, taken from the Baltimore *Sun*, that Michael C. Kerr, the able and incorruptible member of Congress from the New Albany (Ind.) district is a very different man from Samuel J. Randall, in favor of whose election to the Speakership of a Democratic House of Representatives most of the Democratic papers in this State have stultified their record on the Congressional back-pay swindle. Kerr and Randall were evidently not cast in the same mould. The former intends to rest his case on his own acknowledged merits, "and will not enter into any combinations, nor make any promises" in reference to the appointment of committees. The latter is prepared to do both, and no man can tell what "combinations" he has not formed or what "promises" he has not made during his junketing to Richmond and elsewhere. There is an old adage, however, about Dead Sea fruit, beautiful to the sight, but which turns to ashes on the lips.

DURING the last three weeks the name of Hon. Cyrus L. Pershing has been favorably mentioned by the Democratic press in several parts of the State in connection with the nomination for Governor by the Erie Convention. Whether the use of Judge Pershing's name has his consent or not, we cannot say, but we feel quite certain from our long personal knowledge of him that he will not seek a nomination, and also that if the convention should confer it upon him he will deem it an honor which he is bound to accept. That Cyrus L. Pershing possesses those two essential requisites for a faithful discharge of the duties of the office, unquestioned honesty and admitted ability, will be conceded even by those who differ from him in political sentiment. He is an utter stranger to the low artifices of the political demagogue which in these degenerate days are so often the ladder by which popular favor is reached. To use a common but expressive phrase, he is "a square man" in all that he does, and no one need to search long in order to ascertain what are his political convictions. His legislative record for five consecutive years as the representative of this county is as pure as his personal character is unblemished. The Democracy of Cambria feel a just pride in Judge Pershing and would attest their confidence in him as a candidate for Governor by a most emphatic expression at the polls.

The Pottsville *Chronicle*, published in the town where Judge Pershing now resides, thus refers to him and to his eminent fitness for the position spoken of:

"As a judge he presides with dignity and marked ability, but as the executive officer of this Commonwealth he would honor the position with that peculiar fitness and high character for integrity which few possess and which is so desirable in an official, especially in these days of public corruption and official rottenness. Judge Pershing is not a candidate for the office; although frequently preferred, he has never been a candidate for office, but that is only another reason why the Erie convention should make him the standard bearer. Chronic office seekers make poor officials, as a review of the wretched administration of past years will clearly demonstrate, but it is the testimony of the oldtime good government, that when the spontaneous outburst of public sentiment exalts a man of integrity to a position of power, it is followed by a faithful execution of the laws and a careful administration of every public trust. Such a policy would characterize the administration of Judge Pershing."

THE simple statement that in the Court House in Chicago, one day last week, Mrs. Mary Lincoln, widow of Abraham Lincoln, was declared insane by a jury, will cause a feeling of deep pity throughout the country. The proceedings in court to determine the condition of her mind were commenced by her son Robert very reluctantly and only because they were absolutely neccessary. The testimony showed that the well known eccentricities in the conduct of Mrs. Lincoln commenced shortly after the assassination of her husband, and that they became more marked as time progressed. The Empress Charlotte, widow of the young and unfortunate Maximilian, who was executed in Mexico, presents a parallel, only that her mental disease is of a more aggravated form and her recovery entirely hopeless. As is the case with most persons afflicted with "a mind diseased," there is but a remote hope that Mrs. Lincoln will ever be restored to her former self. Her mental malady, according to the evidence and observation of her closest friends, being thus clearly traceable to the tragic event to which we have referred, it was reserved for the editor of the Johnstown *Tribune*, who has a mind capacious for such things, to assert in his paper of last Friday that she has been "hounded through life by a Democratic and secession press," and thereby finally driven into "a lunatic asylum." Is this fancy or something worse, or is it fact and could falsehood and malevolence assume a more brazen and impudent front? To the credit of the press be it said that the *Tribune* in thus wilfully misrepresenting the facts in the case stands solitary and alone in its work of detraction.

HON. HENRY WILSON, Vice President of the United States, has been making an extended trip through the Southwest. Wherever he went he was received with marked consideration and respect. It is gratifying to see such an old time, consistent abolitionist meet with so hearty and cordial a reception at the hands of those who were once the uncompromising advocates and defenders of slavery. In all the addresses which Mr. Wilson has made to the ex-slaveholders and ex-rebels who have treated him with so much kindness and good will he has borne willing testimony to the general peace and good order which he has found prevailing in the different sections he has visited. For doing this he has, as in duty bound, been sneered at and denounced by the bloody-shirt portion of the radical press, just as Judge Kelley, of this State, has been belabored for the expression of similar sentiments after his own personal experience in the South. That "seeing is believing" has been aptly illustrated in the case of each of these two prominent leaders of the Republican party. If it would only please the Southern people to elect to Congress corrupt and thieving carpet-baggers instead of honest, reconstructed rebels, everything would be lovely and of good report in the estimation of the newspaper patriots of the party of great moral ideas and Christian statesmen. Until then we suppose they will freely exercise their license of misrepresenting the Southern people, and when they are not believed, of swearing terribly like "our army in Flanders."

MR. GOFORTH, of Pa., has gone forth from the 2d As't Attorney Generalship.

Osceola in Ashes.

THE TOWN SWEPT OUT OF EXISTENCE—FIFTEEN HUNDRED PEOPLE HOMELESS—DWELLINGS, MILLS AND LUMBER DESTROYED—LOSS ESTIMATED AT NEARLY $2,000,000.

TYRONE, May 20, 1875.—A fire broke out at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at the Moshannon lumber company's mills west of Osceola, and 15,000,000 feet of lumber burned. The wind was so strong that fire brands two feet long were thrown to most all parts of the town of Osceola. Fires are breaking out every place. All the public buildings except the Catholic and Methodist churches are burned, and nine-tenths of all the houses, about 200, are a total ruin.

Twelve hundred people are homeless and the people driven to the race course, where they were surrounded by fire from all sides, communication being cut off by fire. The fire department left here with their steamer and hose carriage, but could not reach Osceola on account of the railroad track being burned. The railroad between Osceola and Powelton, on either side, is one blaze of fire. Members of the Tyrone company fought their way through and rendered all the assistance possible.

There are about 20 houses standing yet. Some half a dozen houses were burned between Osceola and Powelton. Powelton is not destroyed. Sheriff M'Pherson left Houtzdale at four o'clock p. m. He reports at that hour that fourteen houses were burned and the conflagration raging terribly. There is no hope for the town, every communication being cut off by fire through the woods. At this writing nine saw mills, Hoopes, Humes & Co.'s, Taylor's, Moshannon lumber company's, Heims', Bigs', Bell's, and Elliott & Caldwell's lumber were burned, also Jesse Crawford's new foundry and about thirty million feet of lumber were destroyed.

The total loss is about $2,000,000. Generally light insurance. No lives lost up to latest report. The people are in destitute circumstances. They have lost their property and everything else. The miners who were on a strike are reported as working diligently to save Houtzdale. The woods between Tyrone and Philipsburg are on fire. The burned district is fearful to behold. The fires originated from the fires in the woods. Twenty car loads of men, women and children, were saved through the promptness of S. S. Blair, superintendent, and D. D. Wood, trainmaster.

A REVIEW OF THE CALAMITY.

TYRONE, PA., May 23.—The following has been received from the Superintendent of the Moshannon Land and Lumber Co., at Osceola, Pa.:

I arrived at Osceola yesterday morning and found the destruction and desolation very much greater than it has been reported. It can be said with truth that there has never been such a fire in this country. Chicago was nothing compared with this, taking the size of the place into consideration.

It is enough to melt the stoutest hearts. Nine-tenths of the town is burned, leaving scarcely enough ashes to mark the spot where houses stood. Men who had by industry and economy secured for themselves a comfortable home, in the short space of two and one half hours are left with their little all upon their backs, and light burdens at that, without money, food or clothing saved from the ruins. The inner man, however, is supplied.

The unfortunate are heaping volumes of praise upon the citizens of Tyrone, Philipsburg and Clearfield, and just while I was there I heard that Bellefonte had sent a large lot of substantials. They do not forget the officers and train hands of the Tyrone and Clearfield railroad. The lives of many women and children were saved by their action and energy in getting them in and on cars of every description, and at lightning speed carrying them to Philipsburg, where pitying, sorrowing, sympathizing friends, for such they must be called, stood ready to receive and minister to their wants and comfort.

The fire first broke out at or near Taylor's sawmill, on Coal run, two and three-fourth miles above Osceola, and burned his mill, lumber and houses, swept down the run to Moshannon creek, taking in its course the sawmill, lumber and houses belonging to T. C. Himes & Co.; thence down the Moshannon to the big mill of the Moshannon land and lumber company, three quarters of a mile above the town of Osceola, burning mill, house and about 2,000,000 feet of manufactured lumber, besides a large quantity of logs, thence down both sides of the creek, on the east side, to the rear of Osceola, taking first that part called Frenchville, sweeping over the centre of the town, taking in its course the Presbyterian church and public school, and all the best dwellings in the place, with all the hotels and stores.

On the west side of the creek, at the same time, first attacking the Philadelphia colliery, owned by the Kittanning coal company, burning, the chute and all the miners houses and twelve railroad cars belonging to the same company, then the large guage saw mill owned by the Moshannon land and lumber company was between two fires, the lumber first took fire and was fought vigorously but to no avail.

The big mill, as it is called, was about the last to take fire. All is consumed around and about it. Fifteen million feet of lumber and the finest saw mill (so said) on the continent, not the largest but most complete in all its parts; besides this the large planing mill belonging to the Walker Bros., the saw mill of Samuel Milligan and a large steam tannery of John White.

In the midst of the conflagration thieves and robbers were plying their trade, breaking into trunks and appropriating to themselves sundry articles of value. The town is being viewed daily by persons from a distance, and all say they have seen and read of fire, but this exceeds all, and indeed we fail to find language to give even a faint description of the fire, its fury and destruction, and picture the wants of the unfortunate. Men have not money enough to take their families to their friends and relatives, and some have none to take them to.

Money and clothing is needed and the supply of food will have to be kept up for a time. A committee of the very best men of the town are now in charge of the supplies coming forward, which are being dispensed with great care and economy. A special police force is on duty and woe to thieves and robbers who come this way now.

Houtzdale, five miles above, on the Moshannon branch railroad, has escaped pretty well, only about fifteen houses having been burned. And be it said to the credit of the miners, even the violent strikers worked like heroes to save the coal chutes and improvements connected therewith, none of which have been damaged.

The railroad will be repaired so as to bring out coal by Monday.

Reports received here this evening describe the fire around Osceola and Philipsburg as nearly out.

—The manufacture of percussion powder is one of the most dangerous occupations in the world. It is usually made in some isolated building, removed a good distance from all other buildings. Recently John Donahue, employed to make this powder for the Winchester Arms Company in New Haven, was blown into shreds. In a week or two there were ten applicants for his place.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* pays the following elegant and beautiful tribute to the late John C. Breckinridge, one of the most gifted of Kentucky's gifted sons:

But what shall we say of a mind so gifted and a genius so commanding? As a reasoner and a logician he was the equal of any adversary of his time. As a rhetorician and an orator he was perhaps the superior. But he never allowed the latter to overshadow the former. In parts of his best arguments in the Senate, during which his feelings were excited by conflict, he finds vent for bursts of patriotic and poetic rapture, but he was the master and not the slave of his emotions. The vivid imagery which adorned his speeches never impaired their strength or obscured the clear common sense on which they were based. He was massive without being heavy, and graceful without being weak. He who reads his speech on the removal of the Senate from the old chamber to the new, and his reply to Andy Johnson just previous to his withdrawal from the Senate, will find an illustration of what we say. The one

"Would have made Quintilian stare and gasp."

The other would have captivated and convinced a bench of august judges. He was not only a statesman and an orator, he was also a soldier. His was the mind to grasp extensive military plans, and his was the courage to execute them with a calm and noble valor. "If I had an army," said Gen. Lee, "I would at once put it under his command." We have indeed tried to recall a character in history which we might compare with his own. But we have failed. He combined so many of the best quantities of the great and good who lived and died before him, that we cannot, without diffidenity, fit his genius to the mold of any one. He had the valor and energy of Hampden, the ardent public spirit of Sydney, the discernment and eloquence of Burke, the humanity and moderation of Lee! And when the youth of Kentucky, in some future peril of their country, shall wish to gather strength and derive a lesson from the lives of the immortal martyrs of human freedom, they can resort to the spot consecrated by the ashes of Kentucky's greatest son, and breathing an atmosphere still instinct with the spirit of the departed hero, their hearts will beat with a warmer love of liberty and their souls be enkindled by a new and more glowing inspiration.

AN IRON TOWER INTENDED FOR THE CENTENNIAL PARK.—A large iron tower is to be erected in the Centennial Park. The place selected is near the Belmont mansion, on the west bank of the Schuylkill, and a short distance north of the Centennial grounds. The base will be 310 feet above the river, and the column will rise to the hight of about 200 feet, which will give the look-out gallery an elevation of over 500 feet, while the Stars and Stripes will wave from a staff on top 50 feet higher. The observatory will be a novelty in its way, and as the first ever erected of its kind, will form one of the greatest curiosities of the great exhibition. The view up and down the Reading road and the Schuylkill will be good.

The observatory will be wholly of iron, tubular in form, and is to be built in sections, which will be firmly attached to each other. It will be eight feet in diameter at the base, and somewhat smaller at the top.

The most remarkable feature of the observatory is the fact that the elevator car will ascend upon the outside of the shaft. An annular car, about twenty-five feet in diameter, elegantly upholstered, and capable of accommodating twenty-five or thirty persons, will be raised like an elevator upon the truss work or guides. The car will be raised by eight wire ropes.

The lifting power will be supplied by a double-cylinder upright engine of forty horse power, located in a building at the base. The gallery and lookout at the top will be covered and enclosed by wire net work, and are intended to accommodate about 125 persons.

A VERITABLE GLASS EATER.—John Mailer, a native of Prussia, who came to America in 1857, after more than ten years' service in the Prussian army, and now a resident of La Salle, Illinois, is a glass eater. Incredible as the statement may seem, it is nevertheless, literally and strictly true. Pounded or otherwise crushed glass, however kindly compounded with other and more palatable and digestible substance, is commonly regarded as a fatal diet for rats, and has never been recommended by physicians and sanitary boards as an element of hygienic regimen for human beings; but the experience of the hero of this sketch proves that he, at least, can eat glass with impunity, whatever may be the fate of rodents indulging in such a diet. For a small wager he will chew and swallow a 7x9 pane of window glass or beer mug, excepting only the bottom and handle, on the solidity of which latter he is slightly averse to exercising the strength of his jaws or the reliability of his molars. There is no slight of hand or trick of deception in the performance; numerous respectable witnesses will attest that they have seen him bite out mouthfuls from panes of glass, chew it, show it to them in the process of mastication, and then swallow it, following it with a draught of beer. He was about fourteen years of age, he says, when he first attempted a vitreous meal; he has often repeated it since, and his teeth are none the worse for such service. He estimates that during the last two years he has eaten an average of ten pounds of glass per annum.

THE CARDINAL'S DIAMOND CROSS.—The pectoral cross that was given to Cardinal McCloskey last week was presented to Archbishop Hughes by the late Queen Louise of Belgium. This cross, the personal property of the Archbishop, he bequeathed to his sister, the late Mother Angela, at the time Superior General of the Sisters of Charity, and by her death it came into the possession of the community of Mount St. Vincent. When Dr. McCloskey succeeded Archbishop Hughes it had been the wish of Mother Angela and Sisterhood to give him the cross. But by the advice of Vicar-General Starrs the presentation was deferred to some future occasion. And now Providence has so ordered that the gift of the sainted daughter of Louis Philippe to the prelate who stood in the eyes of the Old World and the new as the most illustrious representative of the American Church shall rest on the gentle and fatherly heart of our first American Cardinal.—*N. Y. Herald.*

A FAITHFUL FRIEND.—Judge Davis has a Newfoundland dog that seems to be endowed with extraordinary intelligence, and is very fond of children. The other morning, during the very severe snow-storm, Judge Davis's daughter and the dog passed our office on their way to the school-house. It was all the little girl could do to waddle through the snow, but the dog would run a little way ahead and break a trail, and then rush back and take hold of her cloak and pull her along. This he did until he got her safely into the school-house. He then took up a position opposite the building, where he could see the children coming from all directions, and stayed there watching until after the school-bell rang and all the children were in, and then quietly walked away. The dog knew the children were in danger, and had any of them got down in the snow he would have been the first to see them, and would have rendered what aid he could.—*White Pine (Nev.) News.*

News and Political Items.

—Senator Withers, of Virginia, has eleven daughters. No wonder he withers.

—A religious procession was attacked by a mob in the streets of Brussels on Sunday last.

—The consecration of Rev. J. J. Kain as Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Wheeling took place on Sunday morning.

—Fifty-two thousand pounds to the acre on a twelve-acre field is the story they tell of a sweet potato crop in Kern county, California.

—Cardinal McCloskey has been presented with a diamond cross, worth $20,000, by the lady pupils of St. Vincent Institute, New York.

—A land patent was recently issued from the Marysville (Cal.) office to George Washington Christopher Columbus Schillenbergannauzi.

—At Williamsport, on Saturday, $525 were contributed for the destitute people of Osceola, and arrangements made for forwarding a car load of provisions.

—The death of General Breckinridge leaves but four elected vice presidents. They are Hannibal Hamlin, Andrew Johnson, Schuyler Colfax and Henry Wilson.

—Recently fifty-nine colored adults were confirmed in St. Benedict's Catholic Church, Savannah, Ga. Six colored women received the white veil at the same time.

—Has anybody remarked the curious coincidence that the Schiller was lost on the anniversary of the day, May 9, on which, in 1805, the poet whose name she bore died.

—The Hon. P. Gray Meek, who is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Senator in the Clearfield district, has generously contributed $500 to the Osceola sufferers.

—A special to the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, from Sedalia, says three members of a family named Finley, living in Cooper county, thirteen miles from Sedalia, died of starvation last week.

—The Pennsylvania Editorial Association will hold a summer meeting at Bedford Springs, on June 22, 23, and 24, and a large attendance of the editorial fraternity of Pennsylvania is expected.

—Mattrass, a Chipewa chief, was put in his little bed in the St. Croix Valley, Minnesota, last week. He was 101 years old, and might have been older if he had not smoked tobacco and drank fire-water.

—The couple who were married in a balloon to advertise Barnum's show didn't live together three weeks. He boxed her ears and she broke his nose, and the theory of the eastern current is still unsolved.

—Jesse James, the outlaw and murderer, wooed his bride in the disguise of a sewing-machine agent. Imagine her delight, after their marriage, in discovering that he was not quite as bad as he had led her to suppose.

—A petrified rattlesnake, measuring ten feet, with twenty-five rattles, has just been found in a coal mine thirty feet below the surface in Alton, Ill. The formation is said to be perfect, and represents a snake in the act of creeping.

—Jacob Young, living in the suburbs of Brooklyn, murdered his second wife on Friday night by chopping her head open with an axe, and then went to the cemetery, where he blew out his brains on the grave of his first wife.

—Dan O'Leary finished his walk of five hundred miles, in Chicago, at one o'clock, thirty-two minutes, and fifty seconds Sunday morning, completing the distance in ten hours, twenty-eight minutes and ten seconds less than the time allotted—156 hours.

—General Beckinridge leaves one son who bears his name, and another who, curiously enough, was christened "Owen County," in honor of the county which secured the election of his father to Congress in 1853, in the contest with Governor Letcher.

—Hon. George Vail, of Morristown, N. J., died on Sunday evening, aged 72. He was twice in Congress, and afterwards consul at Glasgow under President Buchanan. He was concerned with his father, his brother Alfred and Prof. Morse in perfecting the telegraph.

—There is nothing new under the sun. The latest Pompeiian discovery is a woolen factory, in which were found pieces of woolen cloth, quite carbonized, and many instruments for carding and weaving similar to those used in some factories of the kind at the present day.

—The action of the Belgian Tribunal at Liege in dismissing the charges against Duchesne of plotting to assassinate Prince Bismarck causes a sensation at Berlin. It is generally believed that the finding of the tribunal will not be regarded by Germany as a settlement of the matter.

—While three carpenters were being hoisted out of the Shafton shaft near Wilkesbarre, on Saturday, the carriage got loose, and falling a distance of one hundred feet, the men were killed. In the Boston mine, at Plymouth, two men were killed, and at Pine Ridge shaft a boy was killed.

—There is a horrible picturesqueness in the reported discovery of the body of John Blackford, the American actor, who lost his life three years ago in attempting the ascent of Mount Blanc. It was found in a huge block of ice which lately fell from the mountain, perfectly preserved, like a fly in amber.

—A pair of boots with gold-tipped toes and heels of the same metal, and valued at $100, have been made at Idaho City, to be worn by the high sheriff next Fourth of July, when there is to be a festival celebration there. They will afterwards be sent to the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia.

—An adventurous little boy undertook to cross the path of a huge elephant which was waiking in a circus procession through Detroit the other day, when the animal seized him in its trunk, held him long enough to frighten him well, and then set him down about three yards from the starting point.

—When Secretary of State Fish, who has been president general of the Society of the Cincinnati for over twenty-one years, presided at the meeting of the order the other night, he wore the badge of his office, which was a medal studded with diamonds, presented to Washington by sailors of the French navy.

—The miners at Summit Hill are reported as going to work next Monday. By the 1st of June a general resumption is anticipated to take place, at least in the Lehigh region, and will be under the reduction of the 1874 basis. The miners seem ready to resume as a general thing, and all say they are heartily tired of the long strike.

—Another murder, even more horrible in its details than that of Mrs. Bingham, a few weeks since, was perpetrated in Boston on Sunday afternoon. A bright little girl, five years of age, was murdered in a church, and the bruised and mutilated body carried up into the tower and thrown upon the floor of the loft. The victim of this cruel tragedy was Mabel H. Young, who, with her widowed mother, resided with her grandfather.

—Thomas W. Piper, the alleged murderer of Mabel Young, of Boston was arraigned on Tuesday. A person who passed the Warren street church about the hour of the murder identified Piper as the man he saw climbing from the belfry window to the ground. Several little girls have stated that Piper has endeavored to entice them into the church at various times. The prisoner confessed that he was not in his right mind on Sunday, but maintains his innocence.

—A curious question, involving the right of a Roman Catholic priest to accuse a person married outside of the Church with living in mortal sin when the accusation is without malice and only with the intention of discharging his duty as priest and pastor, is to be tried in the Boston Courts.

—The believers in special providences will find confirmation of their belief in a remarkable instance of death supervening upon an act of brutality at Rochester, N. Y., on Sunday. A man named Amos Forbes in running away from his house, after cruelly beating his wife, burst a blood vessel and fell dead in his tracks.

—Mabel H. Young, the victim of the atrocious outrage in the Warren avenue church, Boston, on Sunday last, is still alive, but unconscious. The physicians think if inflammation does not ensue her life may be saved. Cumulative evidence, among other things blood-stains upon his collar, handkerchief and clothing, strengthens the belief in the guilt of the sexton, Thomas W. Piper.

—The President is in a terrible rage at the Indians because they talked so plain to him the other day, and made him no presents. It is also understood that Variegated Candai Appendage—called Spotted Tail, in the vulgate—asked him privately to define his position on the Third Term question, which contributed greatly to raising Grant's dander.

—Seven persons were knocked about promiscuously by a lightning stroke on the farm of Mr. Newland, in Lawrence county, Indiana, last Friday. The most singular thing about the matter is that these persons were separated from each other by a distance ranging from three hundred yards to one quarter of a mile. All fortunately escaped without serious injury.

—A letter received a few days ago from the light-house keeper at the southwest point of Anticosti Island, says: "On the 22d of November last the brigantine Orient ran ashore seven miles from that island. The captain and seven men were frozen to death in the rigging, and six men perished in attempting to reach the shore. Joyce, the chief mate, and Moore, a deck hand, landed safely, but badly frozen."

—A dispatch to the London *Times*, from Vienna, says a dreadful accident occurred on the river Muir at the town of Indenbach, Province of Tyrol. The ferry boat having a number of Catholic pilgrims *en route* to visit the shrines on the other side of the Muir from Judenbach sunk in the middle of the stream. Fifty-nine of the pilgrims were saved, but seventy-six are missing, all of whom are believed to have been drowned.

—Samuel White, a farmer of Ludlow, Mass., went into a large hog pen to feed a number of the beasts confined there. A large and very savage boar attacked him without warning, and a desperate encounter ensued, the man striking with a heavy club, with which he had armed himself before entering, and the boar biting with ghastly effect. At length a deep bite in White's thigh severed the femoral artery and he bled to death.

—Jeremiah Hamilton, the well known colored broker and banker of Wall street, New York, died on Friday of pneumonia, at the advanced age of 52. He was said to be the richest colored man in the United States, and was reputed to be worth nearly two millions of dollars. He was formerly a slave in the West Indies. He leaves two educated and accomplished daughters, and at one time offered a large sum of money to any white man who would marry one of them.

—Cincinnati claims to have the oldest woman in America, whose age can be positively authenticated. Her name is Podesta, and she was born in Italy. The officially attested baptismal register states that she, "baptizata est die XII. Januari, 1769." This makes her over one hundred and six years of age. The recent revival of the question, are there centenarians? has brought out a great many probable cases of the existence of people one hundred years old and upwards, and some in which the evidence is most convincing.

—Mrs. Mary L. Lincoln, widow of the late President Lincoln, has been adjudged insane in the County Court at Chicago, and will be removed to the hospital at Batavia, Ill. The legal proceedings were based on a petition filed by her son Robert, setting forth that his mother had property exceeding $75,000 in value, and was incapable of managing her estate. After the verdict of the jury declaring her insane, Robert took the hand of his mother affectionately, and she exclaimed, "Oh, Robert, to think that my son would ever have done this!"

—It is known by comparatively few people that Lindley Murray, the author of Murray's English Grammar, was born in the territory now included in Dauphin county. The place of his nativity was Swatara township, which then constituted a part of Lancaster county. Lindley Murray realized a competency in New York, partly as a barrister and partly as a merchant. The necessities of health obliged him to remove to England, where he spent the last forty years of his protracted life at Holdgate, near York, a feeble invalid, but resigned and happy.

—Mrs. St. John Eckel's residence in Litchfield county, Conn., was burned to the ground on Sunday night. She and her young daughter narrowly escaped with their lives. The house was stored with valuable paintings and furniture, and souvenirs from her friends abroad, all of which were lost. The vestments and vessels of the little Catholic church which she had built near her house were also destroyed. She estimates her loss at $20,000. Mrs. Eckel is known as the author of "Maria Monk's Daughter." She is now in New York penniless.

—An attempt was made to burn Shenandoah, Schuylkill county, on Thursday morning last. At Rile's Hotel it was discovered that coal oil and lighted matches had been thrown in at the windows. In a few minutes after the above discovery was made a second alarm was sounded in another direction, and a dwelling-house and carpenter shop were burned to the ground. While the firemen were working in an adjoining building a third alarm was given up town. A lumber-yard had been fired and partially destroyed. The citizens are very much alarmed, and Vigilance Committees and Committees of Safety have been organized. Charles Hays was arrested the same afternoon, charged with being connected with the incendiarism, and was held in $1,000 bail to answer at the next term of the Court.

—A Norristown, Pa., dispatch of Friday says: There is still great excitement here over the murder of Miss Mary Ann Whitby, at the residence of James R. Weikle, her sister's husband, near Trappe, on Tuesday last. Mr. and Mrs. Weikle started from home for this place in the morning, Mr. Weikle having been called on a jury. They left at home Miss Whitby and their hired boy, Thomas Francis Curley, aged about 18 years. The latter has been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the murder. Yesterday John Herpst was also arrested. He answers to the description given by the boy Curley of the tramp whom, he alleged, he had seen leaving the house during the afternoon, and on whom he endeavored to throw suspicion. Herpst had been complained of by a woman for following her, and was captured while trying to clamber into a yard in the town. His account of himself was that he came from Reading, and was peddling brushes. It is hoped that the Coroner's investigation will throw some light on the mystery.

—The feature of the session of the Island diocese Episcopal convention in Brooklyn, New York, on Wednesday was the report of the committee on Christian education, which indicated a decided tendency toward withdrawing the children of Episcopal members from the public schools. The report urged the establishment of a system of Episcopal schools, in which the children could obtain religious education possible in public schools of the day. The report uses strong language in favor of the association of the public schools, and declares that the popular schools should be made Christian. A resolution was appended to the report urging the establishment, by every possible effort, of numerous parochial institutions of acknowledged excellence.

—A quiet game of draw, quarters, was in progress the other evening at Cal. One of the party managed to get a heart flush, ace at the head, out of the deck, and laid it in his lap, awaiting a chance to play it. Presently the chance came. The guileless gentleman threw out $40 better with one hand, and with the other hand he went down with the other hand for the flush. It wasn't there. He had it in his original hand. Two of the party raised his $40 better, and one of these, in the show-down produced the identical flush that he had been at such pains to secure. He knew it was the same, for the ace was crimped just as he had crimped it. The secret was that Ira Wetherbee, "Patsey," had quietly put his own hand, picked up the flush, carried it around, and his friend, wagged his tail and walked off.

—A Chicago dispatch of the 25th says: The *Times* has information that Mrs. Lincoln to-day attempted to commit suicide by poisoning. After being removed from the court-room where she was judged insane yesterday, she was put under the strictest surveillance, it being feared that she might do injury to herself. To-day she escaped from her room and went to the drug-store of Frank Squires, on the Grand Pacific Hotel. She ordered a compound of camphor and laudanum, ostensibly for neuralgia. The clerk believing her it would take about ten minutes to make it, whereupon she took a carriage and drove to two other drug stores, which was followed by Mr. Squires, who in each case prevented the druggist from selling her the compound. She finally returned to the first place and procured a mixture which she supposed was what she wanted, but which was harmless. She drank it as she left the store, and as it had no effect she tried to leave her room again to get a larger dose, but was prevented. She was removed to a private house in Batavia, Ill., this afternoon, where she will have every attention.

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TICKETS $1 EACH, SIX FOR $5. 1 Ticket
Fifth Extraordinary Drawing
51,025 Cash Prizes, - $350
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Agents Wanted. Liberal pay. For particulars send for circulars. Address the Manager,
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PUT up in cans of all sizes and colors, ready to put the brush in and use. Any one may be his own painter or make a business by using it. It is the cheapest and best. Try a sample can.
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Heavy and Light Wagons, all kinds of Carriages and Wheelbarrows, manufactured and for sale by
DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS,
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Repairing promptly done.
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NAVY TOBACCO,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Not the Cheapest but the Best.
[3-7.] ALWAYS UNIFORM

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, - - MAY 28, 1875.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There, and the Other Place.

—Decoration Day has been made a legal holiday by the Legislature of this State.

—John Daugherty, the younger, caught a thirteen and a half pound "tapping snortle" in Sechler's dam on Wednesday.

—For reasons which will be obvious to many of our readers, we issue the *Freeman* this week one day in advance of the usual time.

—Forest fires are raging in various localities in the neighborhood of Johnstown, and indeed in many other places throughout the country.

—All donations of provisions, clothing, &c., for the Osceola sufferers will be shipped over the Pa. R. R. Do you hear that, Ebensburgers?

—Engine No. 260 ran 100,589 miles on the Pa. R. R., during a period of three years, one month and one day, before being sent to the shop for repairs.

—Everybody has turned over a new leaf in the weather topic, complaints about the cold weather having given place to growlings about the excessive heat.

—Several glorious showers have this week been poured upon Mother Earth here and there about, and vegetation, as a consequence, is humping itself quite lively.

—The "Burnt Cork Minstrels" is the title of a home-made troupe which is to spread itself promiscuously at Union Hall, Johnstown, on Saturday night next.

—Messrs. Johnston and Freidhoff, the men who were shot at Summitville on Monday of last week, are both rapidly recovering from the effects of their wounds.

—Out of the fifteen hundred persons rendered homeless by the recent fire at Osceola, it is estimated that at least one thousand are utterly destitute and in great distress.

—The Jubilee promulgated by Pope Pius IX for the year 1875 will commence in the Church of the Holy Name, in this place, on Sunday, June 13th, and continue fifteen days.

—Mr. Martin Foster, father of Mr. Andrew Foster, of the firm of Geis, Foster & Quinn, Johnstown, died rather unexpectedly at his home in Altoona, at an early hour on Saturday morning last.

—A young man named Mowry was struck by lightning at Jenner X Roads, Somerset county, on Sunday afternoon last, and instantly killed. A horse which he was riding at the time shared the same fate.

—Harry, a little son of Mr. Wm. Davis, of this place, fell from a box swing, at the residence of Mr. E. J. Humphreys, in the West Ward, on Tuesday afternoon, and fractured his right arm between the wrist and elbow.

—Attention is invited to the call of the chairman of the Democratic County Committee for a meeting of that body on Monday, June 14th. The names of the gentlemen composing said committee will be published in our next issue.

—A farm house owned by Mr. George Eby and occupied by Mr. Laban Hall, two miles east of Huntingdon, was burned to the ground, with all its contents, on Thursday last. A spark from a locomotive is supposed to have set the house on fire.

—The local editor of the Osceola *Reveille* saw everything except his wife and six or seven children in the late fire at that place, and now it is proposed to raise collections specially for him in every "print shop" in the county. All right—he shall have our mite.

—The body of Mrs. Wm. Zimmerman, of Somerset county, who was interred in a graveyard between Stoystown and Jenner X Roads about one year ago, was taken up a few days ago, and, on the other day, when it was found that the remains were perfectly petrified.

—A new time table went into effect on the Pa. R. R. and Branches on Sunday last, but it is thought to be only a temporary arrangement. Under its provisions the morning train leaves Ebensburg at 6 o'clock precisely, which is ten minutes earlier than heretofore.

—A child is reported to have been suffocated to death in one of the burning buildings at Houtzdale, near Houtzdale, Clearfield county, on Thursday, and the wife of a woodsman, name not given, is said to have been burned to death in her log cabin in the forest near Osceola.

—Our bosom friend, as it were so to speak, Jas. J. McKiernan, of Altoona, whose name went blind to some extent until we put a capital I in it in mistake for a J., is, we are out with regret, just now, or at least was a few days ago, suffering with a severe attack of sore throat.

—A domestic in the employ of Rev. Jesse Akers, in West Huntingdon, attempted to end her mortal career, on Saturday last, by cutting several veins in one of her arms.—The interposition of Mr. Akers saved her life, however, and she was afterwards sent to her home in Lewistown.

—Daniel Naptzinger, of Oliver township, Mifflin county, heard the report of a gun the other day while plowing in one of his fields, and soon after discovered that a rifle ball had penetrated his pantaloons and, breaking his knife in his pocket. Whence the missile came he failed to discover.

—To-day (Thursday) being the feast of Corpus Christi, or the "Body of Christ," a holiday of obligation, it will be observed with the usual pomp and ceremony at the Catholic church in this place. Mass at 8 and 10 o'clock, a. m., and Vespers, Benedictus, &c., at 7 o'clock, p. m.

—Joseph Grimes, of Tyrone, Blair county, is found seriously ill and in destitute circumstances in an outhouse in Johnstown, Friday last, and was taken in charge by Poor Director Bloch and removed to his private establishment for medical treatment, but died between five and six o'clock next morning.

—A Kernevillian named Koons very imprudently took a bath in the Conemaugh river on Monday evening last, while overheated, and as the water was decidedly frigid at the time, he harvested a heavy crop of chills and came very near being a gone coon before morning. Prompt and untiring efforts saved his life, however.

—No better opportunity for men of capital and enterprise to engage in a business that cannot fail to prove remunerative if properly conducted, was ever presented in this community than is now offered in the proposed sale of the planing mill advertised in another column, and we hope that the right man for the emergency will soon present himself.

—Mr. Henry Bender, of Carroll township, and Mr. Martin Sanders, of Cambria township, desired us to insert their respective names this week as aspirants for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, but as we overlooked the matter until too late, we thus briefly announce the fact of their candidacy, but will give place to their cards in our next issue.

—Messrs. Geis, Foster & Quinn of Johnstown, who have recently opened a magnificent stock of dress goods, dry goods, millinery, etc., are now offering for sale a job lot of good prints, fast colors, in ten and fifteen yard pieces, at seven and a half cents per yard. New Plaid Suitings, elegant styles, at the remarkable low price of 25 cents a yard, and good black alpacas at only 30 cents.

—It never pays to fret and growl when you see signs of your foe; the better bred will push ahead and strike the braver blow, especially as they are anxious to get full value for their money, which can always be done at the cheap cash store of Myers & Lloyd, who have lots of nice goods for the Spring trade and a very commendable desire to sell everything at the lowest possible figures. Give them a chance.

—The Altoona *Mirrior* announced that Dorsey King, of the lightning rod firm of King & Jones, Johnstown, was in that city on Monday, and then very considerately added that Dorsey is not like other lightning rods men; he don't call people out of bed at one o'clock in the morning and tell them that their house will be struck by lightning in less than ten minutes if they fail to contract for lightning rods instanter.

—Good luck is work, and those who shirk should not lament their doom, but yield the play, and clear the way, that better men have room—to save money by buying all they need in the matter of dry goods and groceries at E. J. Mills' cheapest of cheap cash stores.

—The best investment is one that will result in permanent benefit to the investor. A fair instance of this is the economy practised and the satisfaction gained by purchasing clothing at Godfrey Wolf's great Clothing Bazaar, next door to the Post-Office, Altoona, where garments elegant and seasonable, to suit every taste and every pocket book, are now displayed in abundance greater than anywhere else in the country.

—An attempt was made on Sunday last to burn the residence of Mr. Arther Fowler, between Larimer and Penn station, Westmoreland county, and while that gentleman was subduing the flames several shots were fired at him, fortunately without effect, nearly fifty of which entered the house, but strange as it may seem injured no one. The incendiary attempt is said to have been the result of the mining troubles in that vicinity.

—Our band boys can now plume themselves on the possession of handsome blue caps, with very pretty red, white and blue plumes standing guard in front and towering above them, and the letters "E. C. B.," enclosed in a wreath, and all wearing a bright silver sheen, emblazoned on the front. The caps, which were gotten up by Mr. Ben. Thompson, are real "sniptious," and will add very much to the *tout ensemble* of our already good looking friends of the horns, cymbals and drums.

—Beautiful Spring! it is of thee we would sing, although we confess that your gentle caress is a rather coquettish thing; and yet it is true if it were not for you the styles and the shades, the textures and grades comprised in the stock cheap and new so finely displayed, so nearly arrayed on well-filled shelves at Oak Hall, would not be so rich, so cheap and all sich, were it not for your annual call. Hess & Bro.'s Oak Hall Clothing Bazarr, 241 and 243 Main street, Johnstown.

—Our "sojer boys" have adopted the $12 25 uniforms, same as those worn by the Juniata Rifles, Hollidaysburg, and recommended by Lieut. Col. Milliken, who came here Saturday evening fearfully and wonderfully gotten up in gorgeous regimentals, accompanied by two members of said company, for the purpose of getting an expression of opinion on the uniform question. The suits will be forthcoming in due time, and we hope they will give satisfaction, though we are not very sanguine on that score.

—It is well to be merry and wise; it is well to be honest and true; it is well just now to surprise yourself with a suit cheap, tidy and new; and to all of these wells we beg leave to append an advice that you'll do well to heed, and that is, if you have a little money to spend, to Star Clothing Hall you should speed, where you'll find Murphy, James J., the smile on his face always sweet, and an elegant stock in endless array will your wants and your purse promptly meet. Star Clothing Hall, 109 Clinton street, Johnstown.

—Altoona has already contributed two car loads of provisions and other needful articles to the Osceola sufferers. All honor to the generous people of Altoona. Ebensburg, we may add by way of parenthesis, is—yet to be heard from, save and except a small collection taken up for the family of Mr. —— Walters, whose wife, formerly Miss Mary Davis, grand-daughter of Mr. Robert Roberts, was raised in this place, and who barely escaped with their lives from the terrible conflagration which totally destroyed the above named place on Thursday of last week.

—The Mountain House at Cresson will be opened for the reception of guests on Thursday, June 17th, under the superintendence of Geo. W. Mullin & Co, the associates in the firm being Mr. Geo. K. Mullin, the senior member, and Mr. Frank A. Barr, of Pittsburgh, both of whom have been connected with the house for several years past. We welcome our genial friend, Geo. K., back to the mountain, knowing as we do that under his personal supervision Cresson Springs will continue to flourish, as heretofore, like a green bay tree.

—We don't know that the fact has ever before found its way into print, but it is a fact none the less that there is, or was a few years ago, a large hemlock tree with a pine top growing in the vicinity of Portage, this county—a freak of nature, if it can be called such, which has long puzzled the denizens of that vicinity, the only solution of the problem being that the pine top must have been grafted on the hemlock trunk by the Indians fully a century ago. The tree is or was at the time referred to, in the full vigor of life, but it bore no limbs other than the pine ones which surmounted it.

—The new chapel at Mt. Gallitzin Seminary will be dedicated Friday forenoon by Bishop Domenec, and in the afternoon the Sacrament of Confirmation will be conferred by the same degnitary upon quite a number of children connected with the Church of the Holy Name in this place. Both these ceremonies will be interesting and impressive, and while each will no doubt attract large audiences, we trust that those who attend the dedication services will go prepared to manifest in a substantial way their appreciation of the good Sisters of St. Joseph and the noble work they have in hand.

—The meeting on Monday night to make arrangements for the decoration on Saturday next of the soldiers' graves in this vicinity did not prove a success, and since then nothing has been done in that direction; still we do not doubt that the programme will be carried out in good style when the time comes, even though the necessary preliminaries should be delayed to the last moment. The absence of Rev. Father Christy, the "fighting parson" as he is called, seems to be much regretted by all patriotic spirits at this particular juncture, as this would not be thus if he was here to take a hand in the matter.

—We congratulate our good old boss Traugh on the attainment of his thirtieth year in the harness as editor and proprietor of the "gay and incomparable" Hollidaysburg *Standard*—a congratulation which we extend with special unction inasmuch as we footed it around town as the carrier boy of the initial as well as many succeeding numbers of that sterling sheet, then as now under his control, having entered the venerable and venerated O. S. O. as "printer's devil" on Tuesday morning, April 15, 1845. Therefore it is that we take particular pride in recording the long continued success of the *Standard* and its editor, the latter of whom we hope will for many years yet be spared from the burning—no, the turning of the last leaf in his eventful life history.

—Many acts of heroism were performed during the recent fire at Osceola. A young man named E. De Beck, formerly a State policeman, heard that a woman who had just been confined was lying helplessly in a shanty in the woods, across the creek from Moshannon Mills. The mill had caught fire and was burning fiercely. There was a narrow passage leading to the woods between the mill and a pool in which logs were stored. The logs were burning even while they floated in the water. De Beck, with four or five others, whose names could not be ascertained, started over this passage through the flames and smoke, reached the woman's house, and putting herself and her child on an old sofa, carried them safely out on their shoulders. De Beck's eyes were severely burned.

—The beautiful side altars recently placed in position in the Catholic church at Carrolltown are receiving the hearty commendation of all who have seen them, being entirely in keeping with the interior of that spacious and elegant edifice and exceedingly creditable to the builder, Mr. Charles Oswald, of Johnstown, who, it is proper to say, had little or no previous experience in work of that kind. The altars, which cost only $400 and were built at a considerable loss to Mr. Oswald, are each twenty feet high and ten feet wide. They are Gothic in style, and are constructed of dark chestnut wood, sparsely decorated with gilt ornaments. The same gentleman has also recently completed a high altar for the Catholic church at Sharpsburg, besides building several altars for churches in and about Johnstown, all which are eminently worthy of a master hand and reflect great credit on the genius and skill of Mr. Oswold, who, by the way, was raised at Carrolltown and is much esteemed in that community, as indeed he is wherever known.

An Appeal for Relief.—The terrible fires in Clearfield county have left a thousand people without suitable food, shelter or raiment. Such a calamity is beyond adequate relief in its immediate vicinity and therefore appeals to a wider sympathy for prompt and generous aid. Will the people of Cambria see so many citizens of an adjoining county suffering for the necessaries of life without lending a helping hand to the amelioration of their deplorable condition? We certainly hope not. On the contrary, we trust that the following appeal, issued by the Osceola Relief Committee, will find a generous response from all who have hearts to feel and the ability to assist their fellow creatures in distress:

Throne, May 25.—*Fellow Citizens:* The fire-fiend has been once more abroad in the land, and a whole community are mourning over their desolate hearth-stones.

A terrible conflagration has swept over the prosperous and happy town of Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa.

Between 1,200 and 1,500 people have been made houseless and homeless by this great calamity, one-half of whom are entirely destitute, not only of food, but of the commonest clothing, likewise.

These people must be assisted, and helped to re-establish their former homes and rebuild their ruined town.

The object of this circular is to direct the attention of all charitable disposed persons and communities, to the great necessity of prompt and immediate measures for the relief of the sufferers.

Six hundred people, deprived of everything they possessed, and destitute of all means of subsistence, appeal with hopeful hearts to the sympathies of their fellow citizens of other places, and ask of them food, clothing and money. Shall not this appeal meet with a generous and a cheerful response? Let the people answer as one man, and let supplies pour in to these deserving and unfortunate citizens.

All moneys should be sent to the Philipsburg banking company, at Philipsburg, and all other supplies to the Osceola relief board, at Osceola.

"The Lord loveth a cheerful giver."

L. G. Lingle, President.
G. M. Breisin, Secretary.

The above call is also signed by the following gentlemen: W. A. Crist, T. R. Blandy, J. P. Hale, Osceola; Chester Munson, O. P. Jones, George H. Zeigler, Philipsburg; A. W. Lee, Rev. W. H. Dill, E. A. Bigler, Clearfield; ex-Governor A. G. Curtin, Hon. P. Gray Meek, E. Perks, J. W. Furey, B. Sternberg, Bellefonte; Z. M'Naul, J. P. Irvin, Curwensville; D. D. Wood, A. B. Hoover, D. T. Caldwell, Tyrone; Wm. Cunningham, H. G. Fisher, Huntingdon; Thos. M'Cauley, John Lloyd, S. I. Fries, Altoona; L. A. Mackey, Wm. Simpson, Lock Haven.

Sabbath School Convention.—*Order of Exercises.*—J. C. Martin, Esq., Secretary of the Cambria County Sabbath School Association, has sent us a circular containing the following order of exercises to be observed at the sixth annual session of said Association, which is to be held in the Lutheran church, Wilmore, on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 1st and 2d, proximo:

TUESDAY MORNING SESSION.

10:15.—Devotional Exercises, conducted by Wm. Stewart, Johnstown.
10:30.—Objects of the Convention, by C. T. Robbins, President.
10:40.—Order and Ventilation for Sunday Schools. Rev. G. W. Swaney, Johnstown.
11:30—Reports of Sabbath Schools, &c.
11:55—Adjourn.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00—Devotional Exercises, conducted by A. Y. Jones, Ecensburg.
2:15.—Reports of Committees, &c.
2:15—The Superintendent's Tongue. A. J. Haws, Johnstown.
3:30.—Recess.
3:40.—The Teacher's Face. G. A. Kinkead, Ebensburg.
4:20.—The Best Financial System for the Sunday School. For What Purpose Should Collections be Used. Rev. T. R. Jones, Ebensburg.
5:00.—Adjourn.

EVENING SESSION.

7:30.—The Model Sunday School Teacher. J. C. Martin, Portage.
8:15.—Educational Power of the Sunday School. Rev. R. A. Fink, D. D., Johnstown.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION.

9:30.—Devotional Exercises. W. W. Pike, Johnstown.
9:45.—Should Teachers who Persistently Neglect Preparation for Teaching be Retained in Service? Rev. W. Settlemyer, Wilmore.
10:30.—Report of Delegate to State S. S. Convention. A. A. Barker, Ebensburg.
10:45.—Are the Wants of the Sunday School Real or Imaginary? Rev. James Shearer, Wilmore.
11:30—Reports.
11:55.—Adjourn.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00.—Devotional Exercises. N. S. George.
2:15.—Sacred Geography. Henry Ely.
3:30.—What Right has a Teacher to Enforce Obedience? P. M. Woleslagle, Wilmore.
4:15.—Question Box. D. J. Jones.
4:50.—Adjourn.

C. T. ROBERTS, President.
HENRY WALTERS, M. S. JONES,
P. M. WOLESLAGLE, JOHN J. DAVIS,
N. S. GEORGE, Executive Committee.
J. C. MARTIN, Secretary.

—We were visited on Tuesday last by Mr. Charles Johnston, one of the parties to the Summitville shooting affray, who desired us to correct an alleged misfatement in our report of the transaction in last week's issue, wherein we were led by our informant to say that Mr. Linton was in a stooping posture and in the act of putting a box in the spring when he was struck and knocked down, while the truth of the matter, according to Mr. Johnston, is that Mr. L. was not near the spring at all nor even inside of Messrs. Johnston's field when the blow was dealt him, he being at the time on the opposite side of the fence from the Johnstons, who were on the r own premises, and was rushing towards Charles Johnston as if intending to assault him with the box, when the latter struck him, not with a club, as has been alleged, but with a small hickory withe which he held in his hand. Mr. Johnston also declares that Mr. Myers was the first to break the peace, inasmuch as he commenced tearing down Messrs. Johnston's fence and when remonstrated with threatened to shoot Charles Johnston—a threat which he did not attempt to carry out, however, until Mr. Linton had been knocked down, when he fired two shots at each of the Johnstons, one of which inflicted a wound in James Johnston's side and another passed through the sleeve of his coat. Deeming the Johnston brothers worthy of a hearing in their own behalf we freely give place to this their denial of certain alleged facts connected with the unfortunate affair.

—Among the innumerable monuments, tombstones and other works of art which have left the hands of Mr. James Wilkinson, marble manufacturer at Loretto, this county, there is not one, we venture to say, which does not reflect entire credit upon his skill and ingenuity as a master workman. In nearly every cemetery in Cambria county, and in many outside of it, can be found evidences of his handiwork, all of which point to him as a mechanic who has no superior anywhere and who can be relied on for a perfect job at honest prices. In proof of this it is only necessary to refer to the beautiful monument just completed by him and soon to be erected in the Catholic cemetery at Bedford over the remains of the father and mother of Mr. F. D. Saupp, or to the monuments and tombstones which surmount the last earthly resting places of Mr. Wm. Callan, at Summitville, Mr. Thos. Adams, at St. Augustine, and Mr. Wm. Kaylor, at Loretto, and to equally creditable jobs throughout the county. Mr. Wilkinson is once more conducting business on his own hook, and no one desiring work in his line need be afraid of being cheated in either style or price if they entrust the matter to him.

For Sale or Rent.—The well established hotel property at Summitville, Cambria county, known as the National House, is offered for sale at a big bargain until May 29th, after which, if not sold, it will be rented on accommodating terms The house is well adapted to the business and has always enjoyed a remunerative patronage. For further information call on or address

JOHN C. BOLAND, Proprietor,
[5-21.-3t.] Summitville, Pa.

Excursion to Wilmore.—The following communication fully explains itself!

PHILADELPHIA, May 25, 1875.

J. C. Martin, Esq., Sec'y Cambria Co. S. S. Association:—We will sell excursion tickets to S. S. Convention, to be held at Wilmore, from all Stations in the county, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, good to return until June 3d.

THOS. STOCKER,
Gen'l Ticket Agent P. R. R.

"A Century After."—The first number of this elegant memorial book has just been received in advance of regular publication, and we cannot withhold our tribute to its perfectness as an artistic or literary work, or as a specimen of typographical beauty.

Among its many large and exquisitely engraved illustrations are—"The Old Swedes' Church, 1700;" "The State House in Millwinter;" "Observatory at Fairmount Park;" Christ Church, 1727;" "New Public Buildings;" "Independence Hall," and many other equally interesting.

Now, should some enterprising book publisher a century hence be fired by a laudable ambition to demonstrate the superiority of the American of 1976 in scientific attainments, art culture, mechanical ingenuity, and all the improvements and appliances known to an advanced civilization, over his less fortunate relative of to-day, and with this end in view prepare an illustrated book, every page perfected under his careful and loving supervision, we are possessed of just sufficient curiosity to desire to live long enough to ascertain how far the old fellow (a man must be old to be alive in 1976) would succeed in the difficult task of improving on the surpassing excellance displayed in this first number of "A Century After." We put on record here our want of confidence in his ability to do it.

The purpose of this work of art—the art of the *literateur*, the artist, the engraver, and the bookmaker—is to depict in its pages the picturesque features of Pennsylvania scenery, landscapes, and other views in Philadelphia and environs, and *fac simile* representations of venerable edifices and localities, hallowed with memories of the past, which yet remain to us, and, as a contrast, the architectural improvements of the present day.

The engravings are supplemented with a running commentary, written in a style at once graceful and entertaining, on the men and events of the century which draws to a close with the fourth day of July, 1876.

About two hundred and fifty superior engravings on wood—which will equal anything of the kind heretofore produced in this country—will be contained in the completed volume.

The work is deserving of all praise, and a copy of it should have a place in every home in our State.

Published in Philadelphia, at No. 233 South Fifth Street, by Allen, Lane & Scott and J. W. Lauderbach, and to be completed in fifteen semi-monthly parts, at fifty cents each. For sale only on subscription.

Rules for Pardon Applications.—The Board of Pardons has issued a series of rules which it would be well that persons applying for pardon for convicts should understand. We condense them as follows: The Board will sit for the purpose of hearing applications on the first Tuesday of each month; proof of notice of application for pardon must be shown to have been published for two consecutive weeks in a county newspaper, the affidavit of the publisher of the journal being required; notice of application having been made must be furnished the Judge who tried the case and the District Attorney who prosecuted it; a certified copy of the whole record, including docket entries, etc., as well as a brief statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, notes of evidence taken in the trial, and letters from responsible parties, must be produced; no applications will be considered which are presented to individual members of the Board; all applications and correspondence must be addressed to or filed with the Recorder of the Board, at Harrisburg, so that the same may be prepared for presentation to the Board at the next session; and no application will be heard or considered unless the same, and papers upon which it is based, have been filed at least *ten* days before said session, *and in no instance will this rule be relaxed*; no application that has once been rejected will again be placed upon the record or heard by the Board without the consent of the Board first obtained therefor, and when submitted the second time, additional reasons, petitions, and proof of notices to Judge, District Attorney, and the public must be furnished anew, and no party will be permitted to occupy more than fifteen minutes in the oral discussion of any application unless by special request of the Board.

The Board of Pardons consists of the following named gentlemen: John Latta, Lieutenant Governor; M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth; Samuel E. Dimmick, Attorney General, and William McCandless Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Dedication of St. John's Church, Altoona.—*Schedule of Special Trains.*—As heretofore announced in these columns, the dedication of St. John's (Catholic) church, Altoona, one of the largest and most imposing religious edifices in the State, outside the large cities, will be dedicated to the service of the Triune God on Sunday, May 30th, on which occasion the dedication sermon will be delivered by Rev. S. Wall, who is not surpassed for learning and eloquence by any clergyman in the State, and in the evening Rt. Rev. M. Domenec, Bishop of the diocese, will deliver a lecture appropriate to the occasion. Admission tickets either to the dedication ceremonies or the lecture, fifty cents each. Special trains on the Pa. R. R. and the Hollidaysburg Branch will run on that day as follows:

SPECIAL TRAIN FROM JOHNSTOWN.

Leaves Johnstown at	8:00	P. M.
" Conemaugh at	8:08	"
" Summerhill at	8:35	"
" Wilmore at	8:43	"
" Lilly's at	9:08	"
" Cresson at	9:13	"
" Gallitzin at	9:30	"
" Bennington Furnace at	9:39	"
" Kittanning Point at	9:45	"
Arrives at Altoona at	10:00	"
Returning, leaves Altoona at	2:20	P. M.

SPECIAL TRAIN FROM MARTINSBURG.

Leaves Martinsburg at	8:30	A. M.
" Roaring Springs at	8:50	"
" Rodman at	8:55	"
" McKee's at	9:01	"
" Kladder's at	9:17	"
" Hollidaysburg at	9:32	"
" Y Switches at	9:37	"
" Cannan's at	9:47	"
Arrives at Altoona at	10:05	"
Returning, leaves Altoona at	4:00	"

—We were mistaken in saying that T. C. Myers, the man who did the shooting at the Summit a few days, was under $500 bonds for his appearance at Court to answer the charge of shooting one of the Johnston brothers and firing two shots at the other. The sum should have been stated at $1,500, himself and two sureties being bound in the sum of $500 each. This correction we deem due as well in behalf of truth as in justice to our good friend James Condon, Esq., whose presumed acceptance of $500 on part of the man who did the shooting and the requirement of $1,000 from each of the Johnston brothers, who are charged by Mr. Linton with assault and battery with intent to kill, and by Mr. Myers with assault for a like purpose, might seem like favoritism in the dispensation of justice.

Is Your Life Worth Ten Cents?—Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of disease during their life. When sick, the object is to get well. Now we say plainly that no person in this world who is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, &c., can take Green's August Flower without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to your Druggists, Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, or P. M. Woleslagle & Son, Wilmore, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

Assignee's Sale of Personal Property.—Will be offered at Public Sale, at the residence of William Cole, in Carroll township, on **Tuesday, June 1st,** proximo, the following described personal property, to wit: 1 span of dark bay Stallions, three years old, 10 head heavy draught Horses, 2 Cows, 3 head Young Cattle, 12 sets heavy Harness, 1 double set Buggy Harness, 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Mower and Reaper, 1 Hay Rake, 2 Farm Wagons, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Windmill, 1 Cutting-Box, Bob Sleds, and a great variety of Farming Utensils, Household Furniture, &c.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue until all the property is sold. Terms made known on day of sale.

May 21, 1875.-2t. W. J. BUCK, Assignee.

[Written for the Cambria Freeman.]

DECORATION DAY, MAY 29th, 1875.

I.

Strew the flow'rs above their graves—
Cull the choicest and the fairest—
And above the hallow'd mounds
Softest requiems chaunt and rarest.
Blue and Gray lie mould'ring there,
'Neath one sod together sleeping,
While the nation mourns to-day,—
Either's mem'ry sacred keeping.

II.

Deck alike each verdant mound.—
Friends they now are, foes no longer;
We have proven in the fight
Not the braver, but the stronger!
Will the victor can afford
Hated memories to smother,
And his whilom foeman love
As a brave, if erring, brother!

III.

Bravely each the fight hath fought,
And with honor each hath fallen;—
From their flow'r-decked graves to-day
Both the nation loudly call on:
"Bury here the bitter Past!
Let not hate nor faction sever!
Here we now together rest,—
ONE be ye, like us, forever!"

C.

OBITUARY.

DAVIS.—Died, at the residence of Mr. Martin Pringle, sr., near Wilmore, on Friday, May 21, 1875, Miss Maggie Davis, aged about 23 years.

Her disease was consumption, her death serene and tranquil, cheered as she was by the assurance of a blissful immortality beyond the tomb. Possessing all those excellent qualities which ennobles the female character, her loss will be sincerely lamented.

That mother's heart, so sad and weary—
It is aching at her loss;
She is bowed and nearly fainting
'Neath the heavy, crushing cross;
For she dreamed not that her Maggie
Would so soon be called away,
Till the silver cord was loosened—
Broken from her life's short day.

Early have her footsteps faltered,
Walking in the way of life;
Early wearied, she is resting
From the tumult of the strife.
She has left a world of sorrow,
Full of toil, and grief, and pain.
And our loss, though deep and heartfelt,
Infinitely is her gain.

We too shall hear the summons—
Hear the angels whisper "Come!"
And we'll pass the pearly portals
Of our bright, eternal home.
There may we meet our darling Maggie,
Who has only gone before;
There within our Father's mansion
May we meet to part no more.

M.

Trustee's Sale.

The undersigned Trustee will expose to Public Sale, on the premises in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., on

Monday, JUNE 21st,

proximo at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following real and personal property, to wit:

425 ACRES OF TIMBER LAND,

situate on the Turnpike, 2¼ miles west of Ebensburg, with a

Stationary Steam SAW MILL,

3 one-and-a-half story HOUSES, a large FRAME STABLE, and about 1,000,000 feet of peeled Hemlock Logs, all on said tract. Also,

491 ACRES OF LAND

situate on the Blacklick, known as the "Morgan Tract," about three miles from Ebensburg, well timbered with Cherry, Poplar and Hemlock, and properly located for logging down the Blacklick or for manufacturing purposes. Also, the

Undivided One-Half of 106 Acres Land

situate in Barr township, Cambria county.

Terms of Sale.—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the delivery of the Deed, and the balance in one year thereafter with interest, to be secured by bonds and mortgage.

JOHN A. BLAIR,
May 28, 1875. Trustee of Owen Cunningham.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE COAL AND TIMBER LAND.

By virtue of an *alias* order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at Lilly's Station, on the Pa. R. R., on

Saturday, June 5, 1875,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND,

situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of the Cambria Mining and Manufacturing Co., heirs of Jeremiah McGonigle, and others, containing

Two Hundred and Ten Acres,

more or less, about Fifteen Acres cleared, having thereon erected Three Tenant Houses. The land is well timbered, and is underlaid with

Three Veins of Coal.

A four-foot vein is opened, and the coal is of superior quality for manufacturing purposes. It is so located as regards dip and drainage that the coal can be put taken out at comparatively little expense. A tram-road connecting this land with the Pa. R. R. was built by Otho Styner and the Mining and Manufacturing Co., at a cost of $7,000. The interest of the estate of Otho Styner, dec'd, in said tramroad, will be sold with the land, or separately.

Terms of Sale.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the judgment bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

F. M. GEORGE,
JOSEPH CRISTE,
[5-21.-3t.] Executors of Otho Styner, dec'd.

PLANING MILL FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer at private sale the property recently occupied by the "Ebensburg Mining and Manufacturing Co.," situate in Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., consisting of

ONE ACRE OF GROUND,

fronting on the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad, having thereon erected a

LARGE PLANING MILL,

42x60 feet, three stories high, with Boiler Shed attached, 12x63 feet. The machinery consists of one

40-HORSE POWER ENGINE AND BOILER.

1 **Combined Planer,** 24 inches wide, for surfacing and grooving; 1 **Surface Planer,** 20 in. wide; 3 **Circular Rip Saws,** with lift tables; 2 **Circular Cross-cut Saws,** with slide tables; 1 **Swing Circular Cross-Cut Saw;** 1 **Double Headed Shaping Machine,** with iron frame; 1 **Centric Lathe;** 1 **Hand Lathe,** with complete set of Tools, 1 **Polishing Drum,** 12 feet long 1 **Moulding Machine,** with slide heads. The above machinery, with necessary shafting, belting and pulleys, is in good working order, with an abundant supply of running water on the premises. Said building was erected specially for and has been used in the manufacture of flooring, siding, all kinds of handles, brush blocks, ballusters, etc. Cherry, ash, poplar, lime, sugar, beech, maple and white pine lumber to be had at moderate prices. There is also erected on the premises a

Two Story Frame Dwelling House

CONTAINING SIX ROOMS AND A CELLAR.

☞ For terms apply to

JOHN A. BLAIR, Ebensburg,
JOHN LEWIS, "
W. B. RONBACKER, Johnstown.

Ebensburg, May 14, 1875.-2m.

License Notice.—Petitions for License have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Cambria by the following named persons, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of said County at June Sessions, 1875:

TAVERN LICENSE.

Chest Springs Borough—S. A. McGough.
Clearfield Township—John L. Swires.
Carrolltown Borough—Lawrence Schroth, Andrew H. Haug, Paul Ellwanger.
Chest Township—Thomas Ott, George Crook.
Croyle Township—And'w Adams, Frank Kurtz.
Ebensburg Borough—Mrs. L. H. Linton, East Ward; Michael Latterner, John Fitzharris, West Ward.
Gallitzin Borough—Albert Bender, Col. John Woods.
Gallitzin Township—Michael McMorris, M. F. Kelly, Matthew Dignam.
Loretto Borough—F. X. Haid, Florian Bengele.
Summitville Borough—Christ. Reich, John C. Boland.
Washington Township—Geo. W. Mullen, Christopher Robine, Patrick Dowd, Jacob S. Kiel.
Wilmore Boro'—Geo. Wenderoth, Jos. Horner.

EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Carrolltown Boro'—Henry Blum, Julius Stich.
Gallitzin Borough—Nicholas Smeltzer.
Washington Township—M. B. McLaughlin.
Wilmore Borough—F. P. Kirby, John Schroth.

B. McGOLGAN, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, May 10, 1875.

GOLDEN HARVEST FOR AGENTS.

$30 A WEEK made selling the 7 Wonders, or Gem Pastry Cup—wanted in every family. Send 25 cents for sample. Twenty other articles for agents. Address CONKLOIN & CO., No. 822 Fifth Avenue, (above Smithfield street,) Pittsburgh, Pa. [8-21.-6m.]

PATENTS PROCURED.

Also bought and sold. After procuring your Patents will sell them for you. Call on, or address for circular, O. D. LEVIS, Solicitor, 122 Fifth Avenue, (above Smithfield street,) Pittsburgh, Pa. [5-21.-6m.]

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS FROM PARIS OF

Bonnets, Hats, Flowers,

ROSES, BUDS, SCARFS, RIBBONS, &c.,

AT PRICES AND IN STYLES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

BONNET AND HAT TRIMMING A SPECIALTY.

MEN'S STRAW HATS, FOR EVERY-DAY WEAR,

VERY CHEAP.

PARASOLS & SUN UMBRELLAS.

☞ Buying the above articles in large quantitities, direct from Manufacturers, we offer all styles and qualities, from the lowest to the finest, at *25 per cent. below the usual prices.* Call, see and be convinced.

FANCY GOODS!

We invite the attention of Ladies to our stock of

CHILDREN'S SUITS, INFANTS' ROBES, KID GLOVES,

Silk Gloves, Garden Mitts, Linen and Percale Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Embroiderings, Neck Ruchings, &c.; Soaps, Hair Oil, Perfumeries, Powder, Rouge, &c., and Mme. Demorest's Dress Patterns.

☞ Thanking our many customers for the very liberal patronage we are now receiving, we respectfully ask them to tell their friends where to find us.

Geis, Foster & Quinn,

Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton St., Johnstown.

Sheriff's Sales.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon., Al. Vend. Expon., Fi. Fa.*, and *Al. Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on Monday, the 7th day of June next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of J. K

A Remarkable Invention.

A CALCULATING MACHINE—COMPLICATED PIECE OF MECHANISM.

There is a great deal of excitement in Three Oaks, Mich., over the successful completion of the Warren Brothers' calculating engine, which accomplishes results which have never before been accomplished by mechanism. The inventor, Mr. F. P. Warren, a watchmaker, of Three Oaks, has been working for years upon a very difficult and curious piece of mechanism, a calculating machine, which he said was to work not only in the four first rules of arithmetic, but was also to perform complicated mathematical calculations. No person who knew his plans ever thought it possible to construct such a machine, but the inventor's faith has been strong from the beginning and his persistent perseverance has at last been crowned with complete success.

The machine is the result of about ten years of labor. It was not built for manufacture and sale, but to see what it was possible to accomplish by machinery. The machine, which is a beautiful piece of mechanism, surprises every one when they see it in operation. It will use a multiplyer or divisor of twelve figures, the multiplicand and dividend being limited only by the number of wheels placed in front to receive the answer. The present number on the machine is twenty. The machine contains over 1,100 specially formed pieces, and including screws and rivets over 3,000. It is probably the most complicated and intricate piece of mechanism ever constructed, and yet it works with perfect ease and accuracy. It will run backward as well as forward, will detect and show an error were it possible for one to occur. It will divide one number by another, add the quotient to another number, subtract or multiply, according to choice, at one operation. It deals with fractions as well as whole numbers. By putting the first powers of that number into the machine the powers of that number up to the full capacity of the machine can be obtained. It can also be used as a different engine if desired.

The following example in compound interest was set into the machine and performed in forty-five seconds:—"What is the compound interest of $5,630.75 for twenty years at seven per cent. Answer, $16,158.47."

Scientific men who know the difficulty of the undertaking have expressed themselves as greatly surprised at the wonderful working power of this machine.

A FEATHERED HUNTER.—The blue crane or heron of California is one of the most useful of the feathered tribe. In a field of alfalfa, where the mounds thrown up by the gophers are the thickest, may be seen the long legged crane, with its sharp yellow bill, standing guard over some fresh earth in course of distribution by the greatest pest, next to the squirrel, known to the farmer. Unlike the heron of the swamps and marshes of Florida, its neck is stretched to its full length while watching its prey. It is generally found standing alone in the field, as if it had deserted its kind, and its mission was to act the solitary sentinel of the meadow.

Its bill is sharp, and as the gopher, with his feet and head pushing the soil, comes to the surface, it is sent through him like a dirk-knife, and he is brought out as if on a skewer. The bird seldom misses its mark; when it does, as if disgusted with its blunder, it spreads its wings, and, with its long legs stretched out behind, takes its flight for another field. When the blackbirds flock in great numbers, picking up the scattered grain, the heron will often stand motionless as a stick till the birds gather around within reach, when it will send its sharp bill through one in an instant, and make as delicate a meal as a hunter could wish.

REVIVING DROWNED PERSONS.—A new mode of resuscitating drowned persons and others suffering from asphyxia, consists in placing the patient on his back with the arms extended. A roll of clothing is then laid below the false ribs so as to throw their anterior margin into prominence. The operator then kneels astride the patient, placing his hands so that the balls of the thumbs rest upon the false ribs, while the fingers fall naturally in the depressions between the ribs on each side. An assistant holds the tongue of the patient, and the operator, with his elbows firmly pressed against his sides, throws his whole weight forward, by which the false ribs are pressed upward and inward, producing great motion of the diaphram, and displacement of the contents of the lungs. Suddenly raising his body, the operator allows the false ribs to return to their position, producing a corresponding movement in the diaphragm and an inrush of air. By keeping up rythmic movements of this kind, artificial respiration is produced.—*"Scientific Miscellany," in The Galaxy for May.*

A PROBLEM FOR FARMERS.—The following question was handed us a few days ago, and as several answers have been obtained, we submit the problem to our mathematical readers for their consideration:

A heifer at the age of two years has a calf, and continues to have a calf each year thereafter until she has her tenth calf. Each of these calves at the age of two years has a calf, and one each year until the first cow has her tenth calf; also each of the calves of this third degree, when two years old, has a calf each year until the first cow has her tenth calf, and so on to the end, each of the descendants at two years of age having a calf. The question is: When the first cow has her tenth calf, how many cattle then will there be, counting the entire herd.—*Exchange.*

BUY YOUR MUSICAL GOODS AT

KNAKE & McGINN'S,

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in all kinds of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

KNAKE & McGINN PIANO, AND THE PHILHARMONIC ORGAN.

GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE

PATENT ARION PIANO.

Dealers in Distin & Co.'s (London), Besson (London), Saxe (Paris), Piston Valve, and our own make of Rotary Valve BRASS INSTRUMENTS. The best and freshest Strings for all Instruments constantly on hand.

Being PUBLISHERS of SHEET MUSIC, we make this branch a specialty, and always keep a full stock of the latest and best pieces on hand. Our stock of music books of all kinds is complete.
PIANOS AND ORGANS SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
OLD INSTRUMENTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Clergymen, Principals of Seminaries, Leaders of Bands, Teachers, and all wishing to purchase Musical Goods, will find it to their interest to communicate directly with us.
Catalogues and Price Lists furnished free on application.

WAREROOMS, No. 12 Sixth Street, (Late St. Clair.)
PITTSBURCH, PA.
[1-29.-1y.]

PRICES REDUCED
AT THE WHOLESALE
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE
OF
GILL & BROTHER,
253 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH,

To which we invite the attention of the Trade.

With the opening of another spring we announce the receipt of a complete assortment of Spring Goods, WOMAN'S, MISSES', and CHILDREN'S, MEN'S, BOYS', and YOUTHS' BOOTS, SHOES, and BROGANS.
Congress Gaiters, Alexis, Oxford, and Jersey Ties and Fine Calf Boots.
Miners' Nailed Shoes, Rubber Goods, &c.
Also a large stock of CITY-MADE GOODS, Goat, Morocco, and Lasting.
☞ Bottom Prices. Orders promptly attended to. [March 26.-3m.]

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.

50 MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY AGO,
Dr. H. D. SELLERS,
a celebrated physician of Pittsburgh, discovered and used in his practice the popular remedy known throughout the country as SELLERS' IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP. This is no QUACK remedy. It was born of wisdom, nurtured by science, and thousands are living witnesses of its wonderful curative powers. It is pleasant to take, and sure to cure Coughs, Colds, Croups, Bronchial Affections, Tickling in the Throat, and all diseases of a kindred nature. R. E. SELLERS & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., are also proprietors of JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND, the great internal remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, &c. You can have a doctor always in the house by keeping SELLERS' Family Medicines on hand. *Their Liver Pills* are the oldest and best in the market, and every bottle of their Vermifuge is warranted.

For sale by druggists and country dealers. A. A. BARKER & SON, Agents, Ebensburg, Pa. [3-5.-3m.]

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of *Dr. Culverwell's Essay* on the *rapidical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal and Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal in a plain envelope, to any address, *post-paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.

Address the Publishers
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
4-16-1y. 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 4586.

Eagle PLANING MILL.

M. SIMON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Flooring, Weather-Boarding, Shutters,
SASH-DOORS, BRACKETS AND MOULDINGS.
LUMBER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
SHINGLES and POSTS—Cedar and Locust.
☞ Scroll Sawing and Re-sawing done to order.
CORNER ROBINSON AND ANDERSON STS.,
(4-2.) ALLEGHENY CITY, PA. (2-5m.)

GEO M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [aug.27,'73.]

IMPORTANT
NOTICE!
TO ALL
WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

Owing to the great scarcity of money and the long continued neglect of many of my customers to pay up their indebtedness for the past year or more, I am compelled to adopt

ANOTHER SYSTEM

of doing business. Very many of my customers have allowed their accounts to run for such an unreasonable length of time that a great loss to me, without any benefit to themselves, has been the result. Hence it is that I find it

Impossible to Continue the Credit System

and at the same time keep up my stock and meet my obligations promptly.

I am sincerely thankful for the liberal patronage that has been extended to me, and now earnestly ask one and all who are indebted to me, no matter how large or how small the amount, to call and settle, either by cash or note,

BEFORE THE 1ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1875,

as I need and must have money. Believing as I do from past experience (which I have paid well for) that it will be better for me as well as for my customers to adopt the ready-pay system,

I WILL NOT,

After the FIRST of JANUARY, 1875,

SELL ANY GOODS ON CREDIT.

I am fully convinced that in three cases out of four persons buying goods never find a more convenient time to pay than when they make their purchases, and as an inducement to my customers to buy for cash or in exchange for country produce, I will, after the above date,

KNOCK OFF ONE-HALF the PROFIT

heretofore realized in this place on goods of the same class.

Hoping that my old customers will take no offense at the new mode of doing business I am about to adopt, but will continue to favor me with their patronage on a strictly cash basis, which they will be sure to find the very best for all concerned, I pledge myself to mark my goods down to the lowest cash rates.

ONE PRICE TO ALL!

COMPETITION DEFIED!

IN GOODS AS WELL AS PRICES.

George Huntley,
DEALER IN
Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, Groceries,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,
EBENSBURG, PA.

P. S. Manufacturers and others who sometimes find it necessary to send orders for goods through their employes, can make special arrangements, with the understanding that their accounts will be paid in full at the end of each month. [Dec. 11, 1874.]

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & CO.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.

WILL receive money on deposit, discount and collect notes, and attend to all the business usually done by Bankers.
Sept.29.tf. JAS. B. ZAHM, Cashier.

LLOYD & CO., BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made at all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Monies received on deposit, payable on demand without interest, or on time with interest at fair rates.

E. H. PLANK, M. D., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office adjoining residence and immediately in the rear of Hon. R. J. Lloyd's drug store. Night calls can be made at the residence of Mrs. Bunn, on Crawford street, Ebensburg. [4-24.-tf.]

M. J. BUCK, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Office in rear of John Buck's store. Night calls may be made at the residence of JOHN BUCK, Esq. [April 4, 1873.-tf.]

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Office on High street, nearly opposite Blair's Hotel. Residence in Town Hall, Julian street, where night calls should be made [4-4.-tf.]

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, *Attorney-at-Law*, Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange Building, (up stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

THE OLDEST CONGRESSMEN NOW LIVING.

Hon. Horace Binney, aged ninety-five, of Philadelphia, was born in that city January 4, 1780. He represented Pennsylvania in Congress from 1833 to 1835.

Hon. Willard Hall, of Wilmington, Del., was born in Massachusetts, December 14, 1780, thus making him ninety-four years old. He is the oldest in point of service, having served in Congress, from Delaware, from 1817 to 1821.

Hon. Artemus Hale, of Bridgewater, Mass., is in his ninety-second year, having been born in that State, October 20, 1783. He was a Member of Congress from Massachusetts from 1845 to 1849.

Hon. Perkins King, aged ninety-one, of Cairo, Green county, N. Y., is a native of Massachusetts, and was born January 12, 1784. He represented New York in Congress from 1829 to 1831.

Hon. Joseph Johnson, of Bridgeport, W. Va., in his ninetieth year, was born in Orange county, New York, December 19, 1785. He represented Virginia in Congress from 1823 to 1825, from 1835 to 1841, and from 1845 to 1847.

Hon. George Grinnell, of Greenfield, Mass., in his eighty-ninth year, was born in that State, December 25, 1786. He was a Member of Congress from Massachusetts from 1829 to 1839.

Hon. Joseph Grinnell, of New Bedford, Mass., in his eighty-seventh year, was born in Massachusetts, November 17, 1788. He was a Member of Congress from 1843 to 1851.

Hon. Daniel Sturgeon, of Uniontown, Pa., in his eighty-sixth year, having been born October 27, 1789, was a United States Senator from Pennsylvania from 1840 to 1851.

Hon. Ether Shepley, of Portland, Me., in his eighty-sixth year, was born in Massachusetts, November 2, 1789. He represented Maine in the United States Senate from 1833 to 1836.

Hon. John Strohm, of Lancaster Pa., in his eighty-second year, was born October 16, 1793, and served in Congress from 1845 to 1849.

IMPORTANT RAILROAD DECISION.

A case of much importance to the banking firms and railroads of the Continent has recently been settled, so far as dealings between France and Switzerland are concerned, by a decision of the new Federal tribunal of the latter country, the first that it has delivered on a case having international bearings. The point hitherto in dispute between railway companies and bankers has been whether the latter may send parcels of securities marked with a low fictitious value, and at a proportionately reduced charge, but of course at their own risk. The contention of the carriers is that the true value must be in all cases marked and paid for. As a test case, the Paris and Lyons Company some time since selected a certain packet coming to them through the Swiss post, marked as containing 2,000 francs. It was opened under a special warrant from a Paris court, and found to contain securities worth over 415,000 francs, and the firm at Geneva which made the remittance was charged accordingly some 2,500 francs for the carriage. Against the levying of this sum, the bankers appealed to their own local courts, the representative of the company being made the defendant, as the post office authorities threw the responsibility entirely on it. The firm was defeated, and then appealed to the Federal tribunal; but this has delivered a judgment to the effect that the cantonal court was perfectly competent to settle the question, and that its decree must therefore hold good, a judgment which must revolutionize the whole system of money remittances between the two countries.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

VENTILATION OF HOUSES.

Notwithstanding the objection formerly urged against the introduction of gas for illumination, in private houses especially on the score of health, the opinion is now quite generally held that, taking any number of houses in a given locality, those well lighted with gas are more easily and efficiently ventilated than those that are lighted by other means. Spontaneous ventilation, that which most closely imitates natural processes, is generally promoted and, indeed, is always in operation in a house whose walls and ceilings and furniture are dry and warm. In such circumstances, in fact, it is impossible that air can remain at rest, a constant interchange is effected, fresh air forcing itself in, and having its temperature raised, and when making its escape giving place to a further supply at at lower temperature.

In devising plans for ventilating, many persons are greatly troubled about getting rid of the heated air, and they are disappointed because it will not make its escape at any opening they may choose for it. It is easier to begin by admitting a continuous supply of cool, pure air; just so much of it, according to season and temperature, and other circumstances, as shall be agreeable, and yet its presence not to be indicated by creating draughts. If this be well looked after, there need be no anxiety about what becomes of the vitiated air. That must be displaced by the entrance of fresh air—both kinds cannot occupy the same place at the same time. Thus, ventilation is obtained according to the truest principles.

CURIOUS PHENOMENON.

A curious phenomenon was noticed during a recent balloon ascent by two experienced French aeronants of thorough scientific attainments, M. Tissandier and M. De Fonvielle. They were able to hear voices from below, and remarks which indicated that the persons in the balloon were visible to the speakers, although at the time a cloud obscured the surface of the earth from the view of the aeronauts themselves. This occurrence is explained by the hypothesis that a cloud may be transparent and opaque at the same time according as it may be viewed in different directions.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
—TO—
CASH BUYERS
—AT THE—
Ebensburg House-Furnishing STORE

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES TO CASH BUYERS on all goods in his line, consisting of

MOWING and REAPING MACHINES
AND OTHER FARMING IMPLEMENTS;
COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES
of the most popular designs and of all styles, prices and qualities:

TINWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!
of my own manufacture:

HARDWARE, ALL KIND!

such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Table Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table and Tea Spoons, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Hammers, Axes, Hatchets, Boring Machines, Augurs, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh-Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax, Bristles, Clothes Washers and Wringers, Patent Churns and, Patent Machines generally, Grind-Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Cast Steel Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, Horse Shoes and Nails, Old Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks Well and Cistern Pumps, &c., &c.;

Harness and Saddlery Ware
of all kind, in great variety;
WOOD and WILLOW WARE
beyond description;
CARBON OIL and OIL LAMPS,
Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil Rosin, Tar, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.; Silver-Plated Ware, Glassware, &c

Family Groceries,
such as Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Syrups Molasses Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Hominy Fish, Crackers, Rice, Pearl Barley, &c.

Tobacco and Cigars.

Paint, Varnish, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoes Stove, Dusting, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed-Cords, Manilla Ropes, and many other articles, at the *lowest rates for cash.*

HOUSE SPOUTING
made, painted and put up as cheap as possible FOR CASH. ☞ A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware by wholesale.
GEORGE HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, July 25, 1873.-tf.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
Cooking Stoves,
Heating Stoves.
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE

Having recently taken possession of the newly-fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves
of the most approved designs.

☞ SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.

All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.
VALLIE LUTRINGER.
Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

G. C. K. ZAHM,
—DEALER IN—
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
AND ALL OTHER GOODS USUALLY KEPT IN A COUNTRY STORE.

WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

Store on South Side of Main Street,
Ebensburg, Pa.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE OVER!
AS WE ALL KNOW, BUT THE
PRICES
At E. J. MILLS'
CHEAP CASH STORE,
Are not over, but rather under, those of any other dealer in
Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Hats and Caps,
Boots, Shoes, Notions,
GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, &C.,
In this "Neck o' Timber."

☞ A complete and elegant assortment of new goods now in store will positively be sold at the closest margin. Country produce at the highest market prices taken in exchange for goods. Full satisfaction guaranteed to all buyers. Store on High street, near Centre street.
E. J. MILLS.
Ebensburg, Jan. 16, 1874.-tf.

EBENSBURG
BOOK, DRUG and VARIETY STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.

Cigars and Tobaccos,

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY.
July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS
JOHN D. THOMAS,
Boot and Shoe Maker

THE undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calf-skin boots to the coarsest brogans, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.

Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.

☞ Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.
JOHN D. THOMAS.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

F. W. HAY & SON

Manufacturers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

—OF—

TIN, COPPER,

—AND—

Sheet-Iron WARES,

AND DEALERS IN

HEATING PARLOR and COOKING

STOVES,

Sheet Metals,

—AND—

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.

Jobbing in

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON

PROMPTLY ATENDED TO.

Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

W. D. M'CLELLAND.....JOHN HANNAN.

M'CLELLAND & CO.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Fancy and Plain
FURNITURE!
AND CHAIRS.

We keep constantly on hand in great variety a full line of elegant

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
INSTYLES AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL CUSTOMERS

Having the most skillful workmen in the city, we are prepared to fill all orders for

OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
IN PIECES OR SUITS,
At PRICES Below
Either Eastern or Western Manufacturers.

Wareroom, No. 81 FRANKLIN Street,
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Johnstown, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

Andrew Moses,
TAILOR AND DRAPER,
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CRAWFORD HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
John Fitzharris, - Proprietor.

HAVING leased and refurnished the above well known and popular hotel, the proprietor is now amply prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The best that the market affords will be served at the Table at all seasons, the Bar will be kept constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and the commodious Stable will be under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler. No effort will be spared to render guests comfortable and well pleased in every particular, and by proper attention to business and a moderate scale of prices the proprietor hopes to win his way to public favor. (May 2, 1873.-tf.]

MILLINERY & DRESS MAKING
—The attention of the Ladies of Ebensburg and vicinity is directed to the fact that MRS. R. E. JONES has just received an invoice of new and fashionable Millinery Goods, at her rooms in the East Ward, Ebensburg. Wedding Bonnets, Hats, etc., a specialty. Dressmaking promptly and neatly done. The patronage of the ladies is respectfully solicited. [6-1.'71.]

J. GALLITZIN LAKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Register and Recorder, in Court House.

THE TEMPLE OF DIANA.

Ephesus, one of the twelve leading cities of Asia Minor, was famous in antiquity as containing one of the seven wonders of the world, the great temple of Artemis, or Diana. For very early times Ephesus was a sacred city; the fable ascribed its foundation to the Amazons, and the Amazonian legend is connected with Artemis. The first Ionian colonists in Lydia found the worship of the goddess already established here in a primitive temple, which was soon superseded by a magnificent structure. This Grecian temple was seven times restored, at the expense of all the Greek communities in Asia Minor. In the year 356 B.C. it was burned to the ground, but was rebuilt in a style of far greater splendor than before, the work extending over 200 years. This later temple was 425 feet long and 220 feet wide. The foundations were sunk deep in marshy ground, as a precaution against earthquake," says Pliny. There were two rows of columns at the sides, but in front and back porticoes consisting of eight rows of columns, placed three deep. Outside at the entrance to the temple stood a basin of porphyry, 60 feet in diameter, for the worshippers to lave and purify themselves in. The internal decoration was of the most sumptuous kind. The cedar roof was supported on pillars of jasper, the doors were of cypress. The altar was the work of Praxiteles, and it was surrounded by many statues, one of them of gold. The image of the goddess herself was roughly hewed out of wood, black with age and greasy with the with which it was customary to anoint it. When the apostle Paul visited Ephesus in the middle of the first century, the worship of Diana still flourished there, and the temple possessed all its original spendor. Pilgrims to the venerated abode of the goddess used to buy little models of the temple in silver, or precious stones, as memorials of their visit, and as amulets to insure to them the protection of the Ephesian Diana. The Goths sacked the city and burned the temple about two hundred years later, and in the reign of Theodosius I, toward the end of the fourth century, the furious zeal of the Iconoclasts, or Image-breakers, completed the destruction. The magnificent city almost entirely disappeared before the modern era, the very site of the temple being lost.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

A MYSTERIOUS BULLET.—A correspondent of the Toledo *Blade*, writing from Hastings, Mich., says: "About ten miles south of this place, a farmer, while driving some cows through a deep forest adjoining his fields, unexpectedly came upon an unusually large buck stretched out upon the ground and moaning away the last moments of its existence. The animal was evidently very old, and in a sadly emaciated condition; so the fact that the farmer immediately put a ball through its head should rather be looked upon as an act of compassion than otherwise. Just as he was about to leave he observed a round lump under the animal's side, which so attracted his attention that he stopped to examine it. Quickly discovering that under the skin was deposited a rather hard body, he used his knife and brought to light a silver bullet, such as was used in olden times for the enclosure of secret dispatches. He carried this curiosity to his house, and after considerable trouble, he succeeded in opening it, and found, to his great surprise, that it contained a message written in cypher upon paper attenuated to a high degree. Otherwise than that the paper was slightly discolored (not sufficiently, however, to obliterate the characters), neither the bullet nor what it inclosed bore evidence of its late surroundings. The history of the strange vicissitudes through which it might previously have passed. Several men of science have carefully inspected this relic of the past, and are as much at a loss to decipher the message as they are to satisfactorily explain when and how the bullet came to be lodged in the side of the buck.

HOW TO GROW POTATOES.—A Michigan correspondent of the Western *Rural* gives the following: I will give my method of raising potatoes. I have raised from five to fifteen acres a year for the past thirty years, and have tried many methods. My plan is to turn clover sod under in the fall, or in the spring it should be thoroughly dragged and cultivated. Mark the ground out in squares three feet each way. I don't believe in deep planting, two or three inches below the surface is enough. To secure this depth I attach shovel plow blades to my planter teeth. The time to plant is from the 10th of May. Four bushels of seed to the acre is a great plenty. As soon as the potatoes are up so that you can follow the rows, they should be cultivated once or twice a week until they begin to set. All cultivation after they have set is injurious.

THE DEEPEST WELL.—In the town of Sperenburg, about 20 miles distant from Berlin, is situated the deepest well in the world. It is for some distance 16 feet in diameter, 4,194 feet in depth. It was begun about five years ago by the Government authorities with a view to ascertaining the existence of rock-salt beneath the strata of gypsum occurring in the locality. At a depth of 280 feet the salt was reached, but the boring was continued to a depth of 980 feet, the diameter of the boring reduced to about 13 inches. The boring was subsequently prosecuted by steam until the final depth of 4,194 feet was attained. At the lowest point the salt deposits still continue, exhibiting the enormous thickness of 3,914 feet.